



'A Look Ahead' Is Theme of Sermon by Rev. R. B. Wolf

"'A Look Ahead'" was the theme of a New Year's sermon at the First Lutheran church yesterday by the pastor, the Rev. Robert B. Wolf. After speaking of the mystery that covers the future, Mr. Wolf said in part:

Over against the mystery of the future stands the certainty that is connected with it. There are some things we know and many more we could know if we would. While the future does not in any sense spread out like a panorama from a mountain top, yet the laws of inference and deduction are as applicable to human experience as they are to any other department of knowledge, and hardly less certain when applied. The future may to a considerable degree be inferred from the past, and the process is not involved, either. A scientist can, from a single bone, reconstruct the skeleton of a prehistoric animal, or from a small section of a building dug out of the ashes of the past, an archeologist can restore the original, in either case, with much assurance, as if they had seen the object. It is for them a mere matter of calculation and deduction. Our processes are much simpler and our conclusions should be correspondingly more certain and sure.

May Anticipate Future.

From the past we anticipate that the future will bring us variety. It is our common human experience to have both joy and sorrow, gratification and disappointment, success and failure, laughter and tears, and we may expect the days ahead to have these in store for us. We cannot know the specific incidents which are to occur, but what is of very much more worth, we can know whether our accumulations of material things is to be increased, but we can ascertain what effect such accumulation is likely to have upon us. We may not know what particular trials or disappointments we are to have, but we may know whether we are likely to be strong and patient in them.

As a matter of fact, what we shall depend very largely upon what we are now. The future is the product of the present just as the present is the resultant of the past. This applies to the immediate future which lies directly before us, as well as to that more or less distant future which comes after the life that now is. We will be wise and noble and pure and true in coming days, just as we are wise and noble and pure and true now. There is more than a thread of continuity running through our lives. The chances of any radical change in us are extremely remote, and these chances become less as the years go by. And so we may look at ourselves and discount in advance what we shall have with reasonable accuracy by allowing for the rate of progress or retrogression to which we may have committed ourselves.

Must Reckon With God.

And among all the things we have accumulated or accumulated, to most vital in determining the future is our relation to God. We have to reckon with him whether we want to or not. Ignoring God does not eliminate him. Those who get the idea that religion is for the ignorant and uninformed, and that it is the mark of a strong mind to be above all that, "But that is the mistake. Culture does not lie above all this. The greatest accomplishment education can confer is to make us able to appreciate more fully the grandeur and subtlety of the creator."

The further we advance, the closer we get the more sublime God appears in the depths of the inner both of the wisdom and knowledge of God. How unsearchable are his judgments and his way past finding out!"

Whole or half page, 11x14 in. Chick's, 161 S. Tejon. Phone 354. Adv.

Visit the Bakery Department

PHELPS

111 E. BIJOU

WHY NOT try the PLAZA when you can get—
Suite of 2 rooms with bath.....\$20.00
Suite of 3 rooms.....26.00
Suite of 2 rooms.....20.00
Other rooms from \$8.00 a month up.
Come in and see.

Norwegian Mackerel
—those great, large white ones that are so thick and meaty. Caught in the cold waters off the coast of Norway and then cured and packed by the fisher-folk while in the prime of condition. We receive them in original packages, which is your guarantee of original quality. Those large ones are especially fine for broiling.

Sommers' Market
QUALITY MARKET GOODS
161 S. TEJON ST.
C-4 T-4 W-114

Established in 1871, With the Town

NEAR NEW YORK CITY TO TRADE

For Colorado Springs Property
PERFECTLY NEW EXTRA WELL BUILT MODERN EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE. GARAGE. ACRE LOT. \$8000 FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS, PHONE 350-351

WILLS, SPACKMAN & KENT
GAZETTE BUILDING, 15 E. PIKES PEAK AVE.

COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE: MONDAY, JANUARY 4, 1915

Satisfaction Guaranteed

"I'll trade this year at Burgess', where satisfaction is guaranteed." There's a New Year resolution which will give you daily dividends of the best foods, fruits and fancy groceries, resulting in your good health and happiness.

You can shop as well over the phone here as though you came in person, and every order will be carefully filled by competent men. Our drivers are careful, and our whole organization is a unit in its endeavor to give you good service.

BURGESS
PHONE MAIN EIGHTY-THREE
112-114 N. Tejon St.

The Craftwood Shops
Town Salesrooms

19 E. Pikes Peak Ave.

JOHN C. HALL, VETERAN STREET CAR MAN, DIES

John C. Hall, aged 63 years, died yesterday at his home, 1007 North Weber street. He was born in St. Charles county, Missouri, and came to Colorado Springs in 1900. For the last 13 years he had been a conductor employed by the Colorado Springs and Interurban Railway company. He is survived by a wife and a daughter, Ethel, both of whom are living in this city, and two sisters living in Caldwell, Idaho.

The funeral will be held from the residence tomorrow morning at 10:30 o'clock, the Rev. Samuel Gaylor officiating. Local division No. 19 of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electrical Railway Employees will have charge of the services. Interment will be in New Florence, Mo.

Owner—Here, what are you doing? Don't you know you're not allowed to take fish out of this water? Angler (three hours without a bite)—I'm not taking them out; I'm feeding them.—Tid-bit.

STOPS HEADACHE, PAIN, NEURALGIA

Don't suffer! Get a dr. of Dr. James' Headache Powder.

You can clear your head and relieve a d—plitting or violent throbbing headache in a moment with a Dr. James' Headache Powder. This old-time headache relief acts almost magically. Send some one to the drug store now for a dime package and a few moments after you take a powder you will wonder what became of the headache, neuralgia and pain. Stop suffering—it's needless. Be sure you get what you ask for.

Adv.

Edison Wax Records

A few more left, going at \$1 per dozen.

Jillbrand's
125½ N. Tejon Phone 913

LIGNITE SLACK

Suitable for Greenhouses and Steam Heating Plants

1.00 PER TON, DELIVERED

Tudor Coal Co.
Phone 676 116 E. Cuchara St.

WILL CORNELISON

Formerly of Cornelison & Kau, 30½ N. Tejon, now has the management of THE FRUIT & CANDY CO., ODEON THEATER

C. W. FAIRLEY

MORTICIAN

Phone 1215, 218 E. Pikes Peak Ave.

OUR GARAGE

is well heated. Store your car with us this winter; the service is unequalled. Rates that will appeal to you.

BIG 4

AUTO CO. Phone 411 Opp. Antlers

For Cut Flowers call CRUMP

Phone 500
511 East Columbia

PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION
FOOT & IN WOMEN

Churches Announce

Meetings in Week of Prayer Observance

Special vesper services will be held every evening this week at 7:30 o'clock at the Boulder Street Presbyterian church to celebrate the week of universal prayer, in accordance with the annual custom. An interesting program of lectures has been arranged, as follows: This evening, "A Call to Prayer"; T. L. Klipkatsuok; tomorrow, "The Secret Service Man," the Rev. R. A. Pollock; Wednesday, the Rev. J. T. Ewart; Thursday, "The Harm the Church Suffers Through Lack of Prayer," Adj. J. P. Shearer; Friday, "The Laws of Spiritual Harvest," the Rev. W. E. Bennett; Saturday, "Taking Men Alive," the Rev. Morten Joslin.

At the Second Presbyterian church cottage meetings will be held at the following hours: This evening, Mr. and Mrs. E. Crutchfield, 1304 Grant avenue; Thursday, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Lambert, 1518 Park avenue; Friday, Mr. and Mrs. Barnett, 1017 East Constitution street. The meeting Wednesday night will be held at the church and will be in charge of the Rev. Morten Joslin.

SCHOOLS REOPEN TODAY FOR LONG WINTER TERM

The Christmas holidays, with their attendant joys and festivities, have run their merry course all to quickly, and this morning the school bells will sound the recall to a long winter term of hard work. All day yesterday trains brought back scores of boys and girls and the stations are full of bags and baggage. Colorado college students, who scattered more than ever this year for the vacation, are filling the empty buildings, and only a few stragglers are missing. High school students and the grade school children will greet their teachers again this morning with varying degrees of cheerfulness. Ideal weather has marked the vacation periods.

YESTERDAY'S CONCERT WAS \$50 MORE THAN EXPENSES

From the financial standpoint, the Musical club orchestra concert at the Burns yesterday afternoon was the most successful of the season. The collection totalled something more than \$150 or more than \$50 above expenses. With the exception of one Sunday, yesterday marked the first time the club has realized expenses on a concert this season.

The crowd also was the largest of the year, the theater being filled, with some standing room being taken.

The appearance of the combined boys' choirs of the Grace and St. Stephen's Episcopal churches probably had much to do with the size of the crowd. The choir sang the "Hallelujah Chorus" from Handel's "The Messiah." The reception given them was by far the most demonstrative at a musical club event this season, and the audience refused to be content with the one number.

The success of the benefit concert to be given by the orchestra January 19 has been practically assured by the subscriptions for seats received after yesterday afternoon's concert. Blank orders were given out at the concert, and several hundred were returned filled out to the box office during the afternoon. The orders will be filled in the order received. Mail orders may be sent the orchestra committee of the Musical club at any time.

Commercial Club to Give Oyster Supper

About 200 people are expected at the oyster supper and entertainment tomorrow night at the Colorado City Commercial club, corner of Ninth street and Colorado Avenue. And the building will be thrown open to visitors. The reception will be from 6 to 8 o'clock. The proceeds of the banquet will be given to the club for heating and equipment purposes.

The Commercial club now has an enrollment of 125 members and is in a flourishing condition, according to President W. S. Everett.

The beginning of the new year was marked by the initiation of 10 new members.

The regular biweekly debate will be held Tuesday, January 12. The public is invited to attend the supper to-morrow evening.

3 lbs. sausage, 25¢. Chick's Adv.

WILL ASK EVERYONE TO GO TO PRAYER MEETING

Plans for the "go to prayer meeting" campaign, which will be inaugurated Wednesday by all the churches, will be perfected at a meeting of the Ministerial association this morning at 11 o'clock at the Y. M. C. A. Preparations for the event are completed, and several thousand circulars, telling of the proposed work, have been distributed in all parts of the city. It is expected that several thousand people will be induced to attend the meetings, which will be held every Wednesday evening this month at the churches.

Established in 1871, With the Town

NEAR NEW YORK CITY TO TRADE

For Colorado Springs Property
PERFECTLY NEW EXTRA WELL BUILT MODERN EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE. GARAGE. ACRE LOT. \$8000 FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS, PHONE 350-351

WILLS, SPACKMAN & KENT
GAZETTE BUILDING, 15 E. PIKES PEAK AVE.

Gentlemen

We Are Now Offering You an Opportunity Whereby You Can Save

25%

On any Suit or Overcoat of the finest clothing in the city, either ready-to-wear or made to your measure.

Why not avail yourself of this chance?

See Us Before Buying

M. GREENBERG
NEW YORK TAILOR AND CLOTHIER

16 S. Tejon St.

Where Accuracy Counts

—in your prescription, the utmost accuracy must be used in its compounding. Have it filled in our prescription department.

'The Wood Drug Co.

Phone 491 Opera House Block

AT ALL TIMES A BETTER SHOW

At the EMPRESS
MONDAY'S GREAT BILL

Seventh Episode **ZUDORA** **Seventh Episode**

THE MYSTERY OF THE LOST SHIPS A STARTLING AND THRILLING NUMBER
HOGAN'S WILD OATS KEYSTONE COMEDY WHEN FATE REBELLED—PRINCESS DRAMA

OPERA HOUSE, MONDAY EVE., JANUARY 4th
Geo. McManus' Latest and Greatest Success,

Bringing Up Father

A Musical Comedy With a Punch
The limit of surprise, laughter and sensation—
something to please everybody.

Popular prices.....25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00

SEATS NOW ON SALE.

The Ben Greet Players
Burns' Theater, January 15

"As You Like It"

TICKETS ON SALE AT Y. M. C. A.

OTIS & CO. BROKERS.

Members
NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
NEW YORK COTTON EXCHANGE
CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE
STOCKS, BONDS AND INVESTMENT SECURITIES
COTTON, PROVISIONS, GRAIN

Direct private wires to all markets

127 E. Pikes Peak Ave. 716 N. Main

Capital.....\$100,000. Surplus.....\$10,000. Officers and Directors.....\$10,000.

S. D. OTIS, Pres.; W. F. Richards, Vice Pres.; A. L. Goss, Cashier; C. C. Finzel, Ass't Cashier; D. E. Martin, M. C. Gill, D. N. Holton, W. W. Price, C. B. Wilson, Edna May and R. Robinson.

Colorado Springs National Bank

210 N. Main, N. W. 1st. Capital.....\$100,000. Surplus.....\$10,000. Officers and Directors.....\$10,000.

S. D. OTIS, Pres.; W. F. Richards, Vice Pres.; A. L. Goss, Cashier; C. C. Finzel, Ass't Cashier; D. E. Martin, M. C. Gill, D. N. Holton, W. W. Price, C. B. Wilson, Edna May and R. Robinson.

125 E. Bijou, Pres. for V. L. Our. M. C. Gill, Vice Pres. and Cashier; C. C. Finzel, Ass't Cashier; D. E. Martin, Edna May and R. Robinson.

512 E. Bijou, Vice Pres. for V. L. Our. M. C. Gill, Vice Pres. and Cashier; C. C. Finzel, Ass't Cashier; D. E. Martin, Edna May and R. Robinson.

512 E. Bijou, Vice Pres. for V. L. Our. M. C. Gill, Vice Pres. and Cashier; C. C. Finzel, Ass't Cash

Mean daily temperature for the last seven days 30°
Average daily percentage of sunshine for the last seven days 76.3-77%

NO. 14,130 - 43RD YEAR

SCOTT TO MEET VILLA ON BRIDGE AT EL PASO, TEX.

CHIEFS OF NAVY AND ARMY TO CONFER ON PLANS FOR DEFENSE
*National Defense and
Efforts to Coordinate Various Branches of Departments*

Made to Coor-

dinate Various Branches

of Departments

Will Discuss Naco Situation in Endeavor to Settle the Controversy

PEACE PLANS HAVE FAILED

Leaders Are Acquainted and Settlement Now Believed to Be in Sight

WASHINGTON Jan. 3—Brigadier General Scott, chief of staff of the United States and General Villa, commander-in-chief of the forces of the Carranza government in Mexico, have agreed to confer on the international bridge at El Paso with a view to arriving at an understanding that will permanently prevent further intrusions American territory by Mexican factions fighting along the international line.

General Scott left Naco, Ariz., or El Paso tonight and General Villa is on his way north, due to arrive at the border probably Wednesday. Arrangements for the conference have been made by telegraph, and it will be held immediately upon the arrival of the Mexican chief.

General Scott has been at Naco for two weeks, trying to bring about an arrangement between General Madero, commanding the Gutiérrez forces attacking the Mexican town of their name, and General Hill of the Carranza garrison. Hill agreed to withdraw to Agua Prieta, but Madero has postponed entering into any final agreement, awaiting the arrival of General Carrillo who is on his way north with 5,000 men to take charge of the situation.

The conference with General Villa is understood to have been sought, not only because of the delay at Naco, but in order that any agreement reached might apply to the whole of the international line.

Villa, *Answers Questions*

EL PASO, Tex., Jan. 3.—General Scott left Mexico City today and will arrive here Wednesday to begin negotiations with General Scott regarding the border situation at Naco. In the meantime, the Villa troops in force estimated offically upon the crossing into the United States to be 10,000, are summing to 10,000 the army on Naco's side, the American protest and demands of nations. It is believed that a major portion of the force will take part in some campaign.

General Scott is to be one of a team of personally selected officers who will be in command of the border forces and who will be responsible for the defense of the border.

General Scott was originally sent out of El Paso here, it is believed, that he would make a first approach to the Mexican side, the intent of doing so to the Villa side. On Nov. 20 after having failed in his dealings with the Government, Madero, the Villa commander, and General Hill, the Carranza chief, declared she Mexican

troops had withdrawn the Mexican

troops from the border.

In the present misunderstanding, however, it was learned that President Pinochet Gutiérrez had said publicly that Villa and Zapata, no matter what his execution and other timer of causing international complications on the American side.

General Scott Leaves Naco.

EL PASO, Tex., Jan. 3.—Gen. Scott, chief of staff of the United States Army, left here late yesterday to El Paso, presumably to get personal communication with General Villa. His mission is known.

The speed with which the border force, with whom he has been negotiating with the Carranza and Villa forces, and General Madero, in Sonora for two weeks, although General Scott had promised to a satisfactory point in his interviews with both Hill and Madero, the latter could not be induced to let him go, were easily overcome by Villa and the Carranza government. General Scott left May 20, American agent to El Paso, on the week in effort to hasten matters by his own pressure to locate General Scott. This mission

The purpose of Gen. Juan Cabral with some Villa forces in the mountains with the uninvited party of the Carranza-Morath. It is

not clear whether the Carranza

government is therefore seeking to do so. Last Sunday he had the opportunity to see General Scott, his desire and found that

he was the only person to reach the

end of his year.

(Continued on Page Two.)

Butterflies on Peak! Think It's Summer

COLORADO IS SECOND IN GOLD PRODUCTION

Produced 961,748 Ounces of Precious Metal in 1914; California First

Ford, March 17, East Jefferson Street, climbed to the top of Pike's Peak Sunday afternoon and was the first person to enter the summit house since the late fall. Also he was the first 1915 visitor to the mountain. Butterflies and dragonflies are plentiful on the peak according to Morath, who met two of the latter at the Half Way house but did not stop to investigate. A colony of butterflies has taken possession of the mountain. Morath has climbed the peak for the last 12 years as general manager of the Colorado Gold Company, and is therefore seeking to know what to do now. Last Sunday he had the opportunity to see General Scott, his desire and found that

he was the only person to reach the

end of his year.

There is a surprising lack of snow on the mountain. Morath has climbed the peak for the last 12 years as general manager of the Colorado Gold Company, and is therefore seeking to know what to do now. Last Sunday he had the opportunity to see General Scott, his desire and found that

he was the only person to reach the

end of his year.

He is a surprising lack of snow on the mountain. Morath has climbed the peak for the last 12 years as general manager of the Colorado Gold Company, and is therefore seeking to know what to do now. Last Sunday he had the opportunity to see General Scott, his desire and found that

he was the only person to reach the

end of his year.

He is a surprising lack of snow on the mountain. Morath has climbed the peak for the last 12 years as general manager of the Colorado Gold Company, and is therefore seeking to know what to do now. Last Sunday he had the opportunity to see General Scott, his desire and found that

he was the only person to reach the

end of his year.

He is a surprising lack of snow on the mountain. Morath has climbed the peak for the last 12 years as general manager of the Colorado Gold Company, and is therefore seeking to know what to do now. Last Sunday he had the opportunity to see General Scott, his desire and found that

he was the only person to reach the

end of his year.

He is a surprising lack of snow on the mountain. Morath has climbed the peak for the last 12 years as general manager of the Colorado Gold Company, and is therefore seeking to know what to do now. Last Sunday he had the opportunity to see General Scott, his desire and found that

he was the only person to reach the

end of his year.

He is a surprising lack of snow on the mountain. Morath has climbed the peak for the last 12 years as general manager of the Colorado Gold Company, and is therefore seeking to know what to do now. Last Sunday he had the opportunity to see General Scott, his desire and found that

he was the only person to reach the

end of his year.

He is a surprising lack of snow on the mountain. Morath has climbed the peak for the last 12 years as general manager of the Colorado Gold Company, and is therefore seeking to know what to do now. Last Sunday he had the opportunity to see General Scott, his desire and found that

he was the only person to reach the

end of his year.

He is a surprising lack of snow on the mountain. Morath has climbed the peak for the last 12 years as general manager of the Colorado Gold Company, and is therefore seeking to know what to do now. Last Sunday he had the opportunity to see General Scott, his desire and found that

he was the only person to reach the

end of his year.

He is a surprising lack of snow on the mountain. Morath has climbed the peak for the last 12 years as general manager of the Colorado Gold Company, and is therefore seeking to know what to do now. Last Sunday he had the opportunity to see General Scott, his desire and found that

he was the only person to reach the

end of his year.

He is a surprising lack of snow on the mountain. Morath has climbed the peak for the last 12 years as general manager of the Colorado Gold Company, and is therefore seeking to know what to do now. Last Sunday he had the opportunity to see General Scott, his desire and found that

he was the only person to reach the

end of his year.

He is a surprising lack of snow on the mountain. Morath has climbed the peak for the last 12 years as general manager of the Colorado Gold Company, and is therefore seeking to know what to do now. Last Sunday he had the opportunity to see General Scott, his desire and found that

he was the only person to reach the

end of his year.

He is a surprising lack of snow on the mountain. Morath has climbed the peak for the last 12 years as general manager of the Colorado Gold Company, and is therefore seeking to know what to do now. Last Sunday he had the opportunity to see General Scott, his desire and found that

he was the only person to reach the

end of his year.

He is a surprising lack of snow on the mountain. Morath has climbed the peak for the last 12 years as general manager of the Colorado Gold Company, and is therefore seeking to know what to do now. Last Sunday he had the opportunity to see General Scott, his desire and found that

he was the only person to reach the

end of his year.

He is a surprising lack of snow on the mountain. Morath has climbed the peak for the last 12 years as general manager of the Colorado Gold Company, and is therefore seeking to know what to do now. Last Sunday he had the opportunity to see General Scott, his desire and found that

he was the only person to reach the

end of his year.

He is a surprising lack of snow on the mountain. Morath has climbed the peak for the last 12 years as general manager of the Colorado Gold Company, and is therefore seeking to know what to do now. Last Sunday he had the opportunity to see General Scott, his desire and found that

he was the only person to reach the

end of his year.

He is a surprising lack of snow on the mountain. Morath has climbed the peak for the last 12 years as general manager of the Colorado Gold Company, and is therefore seeking to know what to do now. Last Sunday he had the opportunity to see General Scott, his desire and found that

he was the only person to reach the

end of his year.

He is a surprising lack of snow on the mountain. Morath has climbed the peak for the last 12 years as general manager of the Colorado Gold Company, and is therefore seeking to know what to do now. Last Sunday he had the opportunity to see General Scott, his desire and found that

he was the only person to reach the

end of his year.

He is a surprising lack of snow on the mountain. Morath has climbed the peak for the last 12 years as general manager of the Colorado Gold Company, and is therefore seeking to know what to do now. Last Sunday he had the opportunity to see General Scott, his desire and found that

he was the only person to reach the

end of his year.

He is a surprising lack of snow on the mountain. Morath has climbed the peak for the last 12 years as general manager of the Colorado Gold Company, and is therefore seeking to know what to do now. Last Sunday he had the opportunity to see General Scott, his desire and found that

he was the only person to reach the

end of his year.

He is a surprising lack of snow on the mountain. Morath has climbed the peak for the last 12 years as general manager of the Colorado Gold Company, and is therefore seeking to know what to do now. Last Sunday he had the opportunity to see General Scott, his desire and found that

he was the only person to reach the

end of his year.

He is a surprising lack of snow on the mountain. Morath has climbed the peak for the last 12 years as general manager of the Colorado Gold Company, and is therefore seeking to know what to do now. Last Sunday he had the opportunity to see General Scott, his desire and found that

he was the only person to reach the

end of his year.

He is a surprising lack of snow on the mountain. Morath has climbed the peak for the last 12 years as general manager of the Colorado Gold Company, and is therefore seeking to know what to do now. Last Sunday he had the opportunity to see General Scott, his desire and found that

he was the only person to reach the

end of his year.

He is a surprising lack of snow on the mountain. Morath has climbed the peak for the last 12 years as general manager of the Colorado Gold Company, and is therefore seeking to know what to do now. Last Sunday he had the opportunity to see General Scott, his desire and found that

he was the only person to reach the

end of his year.

He is a surprising lack of snow on the mountain. Morath has climbed the peak for the last 12 years as general manager of the Colorado Gold Company, and is therefore seeking to know what to do now. Last Sunday he had the opportunity to see General Scott, his desire and found that

he was the only person to reach the

end of his year.

He is a surprising lack of snow on the mountain. Morath has climbed the peak for the last 12 years as general manager of the Colorado Gold Company, and is therefore seeking to know what to do now. Last Sunday he had the opportunity to see General Scott, his desire and found that

he was the only person to reach the

end of his year.

He is a surprising lack of snow on the mountain. Morath has climbed the peak for the last 12 years as general manager of the Colorado Gold Company, and is therefore seeking to know what to do now. Last Sunday he had the opportunity to see General Scott, his desire and found that

he was the only person to reach the

end of his year.

He is a surprising lack of snow on the mountain. Morath has climbed the peak for the last 12 years as general manager of the Colorado Gold Company, and is therefore seeking to know what to do now. Last Sunday he had the opportunity to see General Scott, his desire and found that

he was the only person to reach the

end of his year.

He is a surprising lack of snow on the mountain. Morath has climbed the peak for the last 12 years as general manager of the Colorado Gold Company, and is therefore seeking to know what to do now. Last Sunday he had the opportunity to see General Scott, his desire and found that

he was the only person to reach the

end of his year.

He is a surprising lack of snow on the mountain. Morath has climbed the peak for the last 12 years as general manager of the Colorado Gold Company, and is therefore seeking to know what to do now. Last Sunday he had the opportunity to see General Scott, his desire and found that

he was the only person to reach the

end of his year.

He is a surprising lack of snow on the mountain. Morath has climbed the peak for the last 12 years as general manager of the Colorado Gold Company, and is therefore seeking to know what to do now. Last Sunday he had the opportunity to see General Scott, his desire and found that

he was the only person to reach the

end of his year.

He is a surprising lack of snow on the mountain. Morath has climbed the peak for the last 12 years as general manager of the Colorado Gold Company, and is therefore seeking to know what to do now. Last Sunday he had the opportunity to see General Scott, his desire and found that

he was the only person to reach the

end of his year.

He is a surprising lack of snow on the mountain. Morath has climbed the peak for the last 12 years as general manager of the Colorado Gold Company, and is therefore seeking

**SALE AT
ROBBINS'**
Suits & Overcoats
FOR MEN & BOYS

1/4 off

Blues and Blacks
Included

Suits and Overcoats

\$30.00 Suit or Overcoat—
1/4 off \$22.50

\$27.50 Suit or Overcoat—
1/4 off \$20.60

\$25.00 Suit or Overcoat—
1/4 off \$18.75

\$22.50 Suit or Overcoat—
1/4 off \$16.85

\$20.00 Suit or Overcoat—
1/4 off \$15.00

\$18.00 Suit or Overcoat—
1/4 off \$13.50

\$16.50 Suit or Overcoat—
1/4 off \$12.35

\$15.00 Suit or Overcoat—
1/4 off \$11.25

Robbins

RICH STRIKE MADE IN ISABELLA MINE

(Continued From Page One.)

of the fabulously wealthy "van" discovered in the Cresson property. The gang rock is similar, is silicate and talciferous and crumbles in a similar manner to the Cresson ore.

According to the official's plans are the "van" rocks to be sent on the train on Jan. 7, 1915, and at present levels it is believed they are more thorough than the Cresson. It is not determined, but it is the opinion from rough calculations that it is deep and wide.

Adds to Boom

Coming in connection with the gold vein discovered and Grand strike during the last few weeks this Isabella find will be another means to the prosperity of the district and efficient men are more enthusiastic than ever over the outlook. The last mine exchange has shown the effects of the boom at the gold camp and the people are keeping busy now.

H. Gardner has resumed his search of his stock letter and yesterday sold this about Isabella, not having the information about the studio's strike.

"Isabella Stock shows strength. The debt is paid off and there is a balance of about \$17,000 now in the treasury but December bills are not paid yet. The production at present is moderate. A mining engineer who recently reported on this property says to his report: 'As a large part of the production is coming from small ore bodies and the remains of big larger ones that were not completely worked out in the past, there is very little developed ore in sight. This has been the condition of the mining for many years, and it is perfectly reasonable to suppose that the present rate of production will be kept up for several years. There is considerable ground buying, consolidating, possibility which is being gradually developed, as outlined above. This is particularly true of the lower levels on which very little work has been done.'

This seems an extremely conservative statement but it sometimes saves one money to be conservative and save the loss ready to have one's hat and coat. Possibly those unexplored lower levels may hold, with depth, good bodies of rich ore. Isabella has been three or four and what she may be past finding out until she does it.

James E. Burns is president of the Isabella company and Daniel Thatcher is secretary. John T. Hawkins was manager of the property last year.

IMMIGRATION BILL WITH LITERACY TEST IN HOUSE

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—The immigration bill containing the restrictive literacy test for admission of aliens went back to the house today, having action following passage of the measure in the senate by an overwhelming majority. The bill used the house 11 months ago today.

A conference with the senate on the bill was to be asked for today by the house. The senate intended the house measure in several particulars and these will be the subject of adjustment between the two houses.

PLEAS FOR REDUCED TAXES ARE OVERRULED

DENVER, Jan. 4.—Judge Benson in the district court today suspended the demurmer of the city and county of Denver to the suits brought by the Denver City Tramway company and the Denver Gas and Electric Light company, in which the corporations demand reductions in their rates. Appeals will be taken to the supreme court for the European battle fields.

M'ADOO SCORES CRITICS OF NEW BANKING SYSTEM

Republicans Want to Know of
Record; Others Are Also
Being Held Up

SHOULD WAIT UNTIL THE LAW IS TRIED

Men Who Seek to Destroy Con-
fidence in Nation
Commit Crime

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 4.—Criticism of the federal reserve act and its workings made by newspaper writers, causes the people of the country to doubt the integrity of the country's financial structure. Secretary McAdoo declared here today at a luncheon tendered him by directors of the Panama-Pacific exposition.

Secretary McAdoo urged that matters of vital importance to the nation be treated by the press without political bias.

"I read in a California paper yesterday about the federal reserve act being all wrong," he said. "When I read such statements I always wonder what the motive is. Here were then critics devoted to trying to prove that our whole system was morally execrable." Such an article seems absolutely to be wantonness, no realists to be utterly in disregard of all the people of this country.

Here is a system that has been in existence a little over six weeks. Six weeks! And yet they are talking about it being only a tentative thing. Of course, it is just sheer dumb-writting by some gentleman who had had a nightmare or a bad dream and who was trying to work it off because he happened to be the owner of a newspaper. But many people won't understand those things and are made to feel timid about the financial structure of the country.

Let us make it clear that men who seek to destroy confidence by these means are absolutely committing a crime against the prosperity of the American people.

ALL NEUTRALS MUST UNITE AGAINST THE BRITISH MARINISM

GERMAN PRESS

GOVERNMENT WINS INITIAL
VICTORY IN WESTERN FUEL
CASE FOR FALSE WEIGHTS

Federal Judge Holds Favorable to U.S.
S. Which Is Seeking to Recover

\$1,000,000 Damages

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 5 (Tuesday).—Commenting editorially on the American government's protest at Great Britain against delays to counteract caused by the searching of vessels by British warships, the Praktische Zeitung says:

"England's sea militarism threatens the economic life and existence of all neutrals and the time must come when the neutrals will unite to defend themselves. England will listen to neutral complaints when she is ordered to do so, not when she is requested. President Wilson has the means to attend the British. He simply needs to let the exportation of war materials to the Central entente."

The Cologne Gazette says:

"Would it be too much to ask America to give her neutrality an emphasis, entering the possibility of aiding neutrals to Germany and America possibly under the protection of American battleship? America might ask whether she can忍耐 before history's rules established by the law of nations, which are no longer observed by men and gods, but by the divine judgment which chose neutral states. In that case, international law is a joke. England could put every article on the continental list and supply the whole world to her selfish purposes."

Death of Patriotism

Will Force the U. S. to
Conscription—Sen. Lewis

CHICAGO, Jan. 4.—Inurture to a review and defense of Justice Will Doherty's speech to the Illinois State convention in favor of the army and navy, according to United States Senator James Hamilton Lewis, in an address tonight before the Chicago Bar Association.

"Prostration of the courts, contempt for judges and disregard for authority can have but one certain result, death of true patriotism," declared Senator Lewis.

"Such spirit will weaken our national protection and time as to conscription of men for the army and navy. This nation must be preserved through the love of its citizens. Let us proclaim to our fellow men that we can law and justice there can be no abdication or government."

FARR MUST PAY OWN TRAVELING EXPENSES

DENVER, Jan. 4.—The state supreme court today handed down a decision holding that David E. Farr, state game and fish warden in 1907 and 1908, should personally meet a bill of \$600 for traveling expenses. The expenses were incurred while Farr was in office on trips to Washington, D. C., and Yellowstone National park to attend conventions.

JAP HOSPITAL FORCE ON WAY TO WAR ZONE

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 4.—Seventeen Japanese nurses and three Japanese surgeons, headed by Dr. Jiro Suzuki, surgeon general of the Japanese army, arrived here today on the Inter-States Main and took the first train for the Pacific. There they will remain for the European battle fields.

COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE: TUESDAY, JANUARY 5, 1915

SENATE HOLDING UP MAIL RENOMINATION

Republicans Want to Know of
Record; Others Are Also
Being Held Up

TEXAS COWBOY INAUGURATED GOVERNOR OF WYOMING; IS TYPICAL MAN OF THE WEST

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Jan. 4.—The inauguration of John B. Kendrick as governor and other state officials of Wyoming elected in November, took place at noon today. The stage for the ceremony was set for the steps of the capitol. The oath was administered by C. N. Potter, chief justice of the supreme court.

Retiring state officials, representatives of the Wyoming National guard, United States troops from Fort D. A. Russell, federal, county and city officials in Cheyenne participated. For several days party leaders and citizens from all parts of the state have been arriving to attend the ceremony.

Wyoming Governor-elect Kendrick the candidate inaugurated was Frank Holz, secretary of state; Herman B. Gates, treasurer; Robert S. Forsythe, auditor; Edith K. O. Clark, state superintendent; Richard H. Scott, justice of the supreme court.

Retiring state officials, representatives of the Wyoming National guard, United States troops from Fort D. A. Russell, federal, county and city officials in Cheyenne participated. For several days party leaders and citizens from all parts of the state have been arriving to attend the ceremony.

Wyoming's new governor was born in Cherokee county, Texas, September 6, 1857. His early life was spent in a Texas ranch and as a cowboy on the Texas trail. He migrated to Wyoming in 1878, where he worked successively as a cowboy, ranch foreman, superintendent and manager and gradually became personally interested in the development of the Big Horn basin, one of the largest agricultural sections of Wyoming. He was twice elected mayor of Morland. The new state treasurer is a Republican.

Robert B. Forsythe, reelected state auditor on the Republican ticket, was born in Newkirk, Ontario, Canada, May 12, 1874. He has been a resident of Wyoming since 1891 when he came to Rock Springs. His present home. During the first seven years of his residence at Rock Springs he was a train dispatcher and telegraph operator. He later engaged in mercantile work.

He served as mayor of Rock Springs in 1906 and 1908 and was a member of the Wyoming senate from 1907 to 1911, when he was elected state auditor. He is also ex-officio state insurance commissioner. He is a member of several fraternal organizations.

Robert B. Forsythe, reelected state auditor on the Republican ticket, was born in Newkirk, Ontario, Canada, May 12, 1874. He has been a resident of Wyoming since 1891 when he came to Rock Springs. His present home. During the first seven years of his residence at Rock Springs he was a train dispatcher and telegraph operator. He later engaged in mercantile work.

Admiral Knight cited the diversion of battleships and torpedo craft to uses widely different from that for which they exist, with resulting interruption of preparation for battle and the breaking down of efficiency. He said this was in many cases the result of lack of cruisers and gunboats.

Admiral Knight cited the diversion of battleships and torpedo craft to uses widely different from that for which they exist, with resulting interruption of preparation for battle and the breaking down of efficiency. He said this was in many cases the result of lack of cruisers and gunboats.

Progressives Control California.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Jan. 4.—This was the opening day for the session of the California legislature with a stiff Progressive majority in the senate. Thicker Progressives do not control in this assembly but claim enough ascendancy from the Republicans and Democrats to insure a majority there in supporting what are known as the administration measures. The measures do not include any antitrust legislation either as to land tenure, or labor and semiofficial declarations are that no such legislation is desired.

The legislature under the constitution convenes for not more than 30 days, for the introduction of bills, takes a 20-day recess to consider what it has done and reconvenes to finish its work.

Subtraction from the legislative power, destruction of individual initiative and initiative for effort, the constant tendency to maximum costs, multiplication of government employees and officials, increased opportunity for corruption, labor problems, administrative and executive inefficiency, restriction of the motive to invent and improve the facilities of service, etc., and in general it may be said that industries reach their highest potential and greatest efficiency when allowed to develop in the play of competitive forces.

Progressives Control California.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Jan. 4.—This was the opening day for the session of the California legislature with a stiff Progressive majority in the senate. Thicker Progressives do not control in this assembly but claim enough ascendancy from the Republicans and Democrats to insure a majority there in supporting what are known as the administration measures. The measures do not include any antitrust legislation either as to land tenure, or labor and semiofficial declarations are that no such legislation is desired.

The legislature under the constitution convenes for not more than 30 days, for the introduction of bills, takes a 20-day recess to consider what it has done and reconvenes to finish its work.

Subtraction from the legislative power, destruction of individual initiative and initiative for effort, the constant tendency to maximum costs, multiplication of government employees and officials, increased opportunity for corruption, labor problems, administrative and executive inefficiency, restriction of the motive to invent and improve the facilities of service, etc., and in general it may be said that industries reach their highest potential and greatest efficiency when allowed to develop in the play of competitive forces.

Ohio Legislature Opens Session.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 4.—The Ohio legislature convened today in its eighty-first session. The message of Governor James M. Cox dealt almost entirely with state problems.

There will be plenty to talk about besides state purchase," said Senator Brattin. "Perhaps the Democrats will put their program through, but if they say some of the supply bills in danger of going over they may not be so anxious about a new organization."

There will be plenty to talk about besides state purchase," said Senator Brattin. "Perhaps the Democrats will put their program through, but if they say some of the supply bills in danger of going over they may not be so anxious about a new organization."

There will be plenty to talk about besides state purchase," said Senator Brattin. "Perhaps the Democrats will put their program through, but if they say some of the supply bills in danger of going over they may not be so anxious about a new organization."

There will be plenty to talk about besides state purchase," said Senator Brattin. "Perhaps the Democrats will put their program through, but if they say some of the supply bills in danger of going over they may not be so anxious about a new organization."

There will be plenty to talk about besides state purchase," said Senator Brattin. "Perhaps the Democrats will put their program through, but if they say some of the supply bills in danger of going over they may not be so anxious about a new organization."

There will be plenty to talk about besides state purchase," said Senator Brattin. "Perhaps the Democrats will put their program through, but if they say some of the supply bills in danger of going over they may not be so anxious about a new organization."

There will be plenty to talk about besides state purchase," said Senator Brattin. "Perhaps the Democrats will put their program through, but if they say some of the supply bills in danger of going over they may not be so anxious about a new organization."

There will be plenty to talk about besides state purchase," said Senator Brattin. "Perhaps the Democrats will put their program through, but if they say some of the supply bills in danger of going over they may not be so anxious about a new organization."

There will be plenty to talk about besides state purchase," said Senator Brattin. "Perhaps the Democrats will put their program through, but if they say some of the supply bills in danger of going over they may not be so anxious about a new organization."

There will be plenty to talk about besides state purchase," said Senator Brattin. "Perhaps the Democrats will put their program through, but if they say some of the supply bills in danger of going over they may not be so anxious about a new organization."

There will be plenty to talk about besides state purchase," said Senator Brattin. "Perhaps the Democrats will put their program through, but if they say some of the supply bills in danger of going over they may not be so anxious about a new organization."

There will be plenty to talk about besides state purchase," said Senator Brattin. "Perhaps the Democrats will put their program through, but if they say some of the supply bills in danger of going over they may not be so anxious about a new organization."

There will be plenty to talk about besides state purchase," said Senator Brattin. "Perhaps the Democrats will put their program through, but if they say some of the supply bills in danger of going over they may not be so anxious about a new organization."

There will be plenty to talk about besides state purchase," said Senator Brattin. "Perhaps the Democrats will put their program through, but if they say some of the supply bills in danger of going over they may not be so anxious about a new organization."

There will be plenty to talk about besides state purchase," said Senator Brattin. "Perhaps the Democrats will put their program through, but if they say some of the supply bills in danger of going over they may not be so anxious about a new organization."

There will be plenty to talk about besides state purchase," said Senator Brattin. "Perhaps the Democrats will put their program through, but if they say some of the supply bills in danger of going over they may not be so anxious about a new organization."

There will be plenty to talk about besides state purchase," said Senator Brattin. "Perhaps the Democrats will put their program through, but if they say some of the supply bills in danger of going over they may not be so anxious about a new organization."

There will be plenty to talk about besides state purchase," said Senator Brattin. "Perhaps the Democrats will put their program through, but if they say some of the supply bills in danger of going over they may not be so anxious about a new organization."

There will be plenty to talk about besides state purchase," said Senator Brattin. "Perhaps the Democrats will put their program through, but if they say some of the supply bills in danger of going over they may not be so anxious about a new organization."

There will be plenty to talk about besides state purchase," said Senator Brattin. "Perhaps the Democrats will put their program through, but if they say some of the supply bills in danger of going over they may not be so anxious about a new organization."

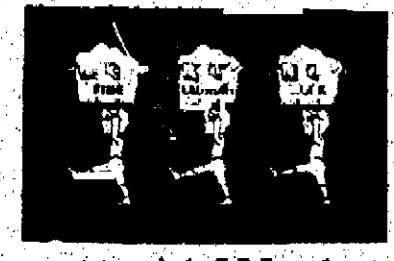
There will be plenty to talk about besides state purchase," said Senator Brattin. "Perhaps the Democrats will put their program through, but if they say some of the supply bills in danger of going over they may not be so anxious about a new organization."

There will be plenty to talk about besides state purchase," said Senator Brattin. "Perhaps the Democrats will put their program through, but if they say

We do not believe in "Left Overs," hence our Semi-Annual Clearance Sale.

Your apparel needs are probably fully supplied for the time being—that should not prevent you from "looking ahead." Values like we are offering are not apt to be repeated before you need new clothes again. We feel it our duty to remind you that so successful a sale will soon "run its course"—so don't hesitate.

Corton's
Correct Dress for Men.



Avoid Wash Day Worries

Don't fill your house with steam and drudgery every Monday just to get your clothes washed.

We do family washings satisfactorily, calling for the clothes and returning them on time.

Pearl Laundry
The Laundry That Uses
IVORY SOAP
326-331 N. Tejon St.
Phones Main 1085-1086.

I can duplicate any item—please remember this when you break a suit. Free examination. **Lenses**

ground.
GEO. LOME LINO, Optometrist
20 S. Tejon. Over Woolworth's 10c Store

ITALIAN WARSHIP SHELLS DURAZZO

PARIS, Jan. 5.—(Tuesday). A dispatch to the Paris news wires from Dr. Albano, said Monday, says:

"Yesterday the rebels sent a letter signed by the Moslem committee to Eman Pasha, provisional president of Albania, demanding that the French and Serbian ministers be handed over to them. At 12:30 a.m. they began an attack on the city. Eman Pasha immediately went to the trenches, at the same time asking the Italian legation to give him all possible help."

In view of the gravity of the situation, the legation communicated with the warships in port and at 2:30 a.m. the battleship *Serdegna* and the coast guard ship *Misraudi* fired several shells which checked the rebels.

The staff of the Italian and French legations and the members of the Italian colony were embarked on the warships."

RAILWAY ARBITRATION CASE RESUMED IN CHICAGO

CHICAGO, Jan. 5.—Testimony today before the railroad arbitration board came from six men, and was in effect a repetition of stories of hours and pay adduced before the hearing adjourned. The witnesses were: Walter E. Westphal, Chicago, of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry.; George Gilman, Minneapolis, of the Great Northern; C. N. Smith, St. Louis, of the St. Louis Terminal railroad; G. W. Marion, Fort Worth, Tex., of the Texas & Pacific; John W. Banson, Chicago, of the Chicago & Western Indiana Ry. line; and R. W. Chapman, Chicago, of the Illinois Central.

CHICAGO LITERARY CLUB FORCED OUT OF BUSINESS

CHICAGO, Jan. 5.—The Morris Bookshop, for more than 20 years a favorite place for those with literary interests, filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy today. That suffrage, the war, feminism, eugenics and other modern interests have almost completely replaced literature and the antiquities in holding the attention of the modern age and the consequent lack of patronage, was the reason given for the bankruptcy. The assets of \$23,444.41 were more than \$5,000 more than the liabilities scheduled.

Transfer supplies for the first of the year.

OUTWEST
PRINTING &
SELLING CO.
5-11 MARKET ST.

CARRANZA IGNORES THREAT THAT BROTHER WILL BE EXECUTED

Says Conduct of Traitors Must Be Met With a Firm Hand

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British ambassador, transmitted to the state department today a copy of a small report from Charles Holder of the British legation in Mexico City, saying conditions there a week ago were deplorable.

High command was given to Eduardo Iturbide, former governor of the federal district, for his efforts in saving the lives of Britons and Americans when the Zapata forces entered the city. Since then, Iturbide has succeeded in getting out of the hands of the Mexican officials who threatened to execute him, and according to official reports received today, he is now in the United States.

Since Charge Holder's report, was sent conditions have improved, according to state department advices. The Mexican convention reassembled today and discussed credentials of delegates.

Held by Former Comrade.

Elizo Arredondo, head of the Carranza faction here, issued a statement tonight summarizing dispatches from Vera Cruz, confirming reports of the capture of Gen. Jesus Carranza, brother of the first chief, by Gen. Alfonso Santibanez in San Geronimo, state of Oaxaca, on December 30. The general and his son and nephew are being held as hostages, but his entire staff has been executed by Santibanez. The statement said:

"General Santibanez entered the ranks of the Constitutional revolutionary army at the close of the Huerta regime. He succeeded in gaining the confidence of Gen. Jesus Carranza, who supplied him with troops and munitions of war and finally succeeded in having him named military commander of the isthmus of Tehuantepec. General Carranza was totally unaware of the defection of Santibanez when he approached San Geronimo and was so certain of his loyalty that he was traveling with but the lightest of escorts.

The first chief has received word from Santibanez that if he will sanction some unknown arrangement claimed to have been made between Santibanez and Gen. Jesus Carranza, and will pardon his treachery and allow him to retain his military office, he will release General Carranza and his two relatives. He makes the threat that unless his conditions are met he will execute Gen. Jesus Carranza and his son and nephew.

Refuses to Comply.

Carranza's reply, feelingly dictated, was: "Such traitorous conduct can receive no pardon. If my brother's death is necessary step toward the triumph of our principles and the establishment of peace, I am willing that he die. And I know that with the feelings of a true soldier my brother will be willing to sacrifice his life for his country."

The first chief as soon as he was aware of the plight of General Carranza, ordered troops to the isthmus. This morning they routed Santibanez's column near San Geronimo and the traitor with 150 men fled to the town of Chinameca in the mountains of Oaxaca.

The first telegrams received by the chief from the isthmus purported to have been sent to his brother and were to the effect that no more traitors should be ordered south. These were in reality sent by Santibanez and it was only through a telegram received from T. L. Calera, that the true situation was first ascertained.

TURKS CAUSING RUSSIANS MUCH TROUBLE IN EAST

PETROGRAD, Jan. 4.—The situation in the Caucasus is now assuming importance second only to the German invasion of Poland. The advance of the Turkish troops to Ardahan is not considered by military observers here a serious menace to Titus, although that city is reported to be Enter Pashash's objective. Ardahan lies midway between the frontier and the Caucasian capital and guards the pass through the Armenian mountains to Titus.

Meanwhile another Turkish army is now in Urumia, preparing for an invasion of the Caspian coast of the Caucasus.

A lieutenant general, a staff officer in Petrograd, today gave the Associated Press the following status of affairs in the Caucasus:

"The exact number of Turkish regulars in the field is unknown, but we are informed that they aggregate three-quarters of a million men, of which number 250,000 remain between Tchatala, Adrianople and Constantinople, guarding against unfavorable developments in the Balkans. About 400,000 are operating against us in the Caucasus. The remaining troops, if mobilized at all, are scattered throughout the Turkish empire guarding Mediterranean points against an English descent, and it is rumored that a certain number are concentrating in Syria for an attack on Egypt."

INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION PREPARES FOR PROBE

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—Harris Weinstock arrived here today from San Francisco to arrange for public hearings beginning January 18 by the United States commission on industrial relations. Mr. Weinstock, member of the federal commission, is a merchant and is chairman of the California state industrial compensation commission. The federal commission today opened offices here and has a staff at work preparing data for the inquiry into the Rockefeller case and other philanthropic foundations.

BATTLESHIP CRUISE THROUGH THE CANAL MAYBE ABANDONED

Colonel Goethals Says Slides May Prevent Passage of Dreadnoughts

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—The possibility of a postponement of the cruise of the international fleet from Hampton Roads to San Francisco through the Panama canal in connection with the opening of the Panama canal and the exposition was suggested today in the course of a conference between Secretary Garrison and Colonel Goethals, governor of the Canal Zone. Though the great earth slides at Cuernavaca have apparently been conquered, according to Colonel Goethals' report, the earth movements continue to the north of Gold Hill. At that point the superimposed masses of earth on the side of the canal by their great pressure are continuously forcing rock and soil in great quantities into the canal basin. The movement is sufficiently extensive to require the continuous employment of dredges to maintain the channel.

While this can be done to meet the needs of the present number and size of vessels that are applying for passage, Colonel Goethals reported that he could not guarantee that there would be channel broad enough and deep enough for the great dreadnoughts which will make up the naval parade by the date they are expected to arrive at Cristobal next spring.

The mastery of the earth movements at Gold Hill is considered only a question of time when the earth must find its equilibrium. Colonel Goethals, however, is unable to promise that this period of stability will be attained by the time the naval fleet is scheduled to reach the canal.

As the program of the fleet from the time it gathers at Hampton Roads to its arrival at San Francisco is prescribed by law, the officials are now considering whether it will be necessary to secure special legislation in case it is decided to abandon or postpone the cruise because of the conditions in the canal.

PUBLIC HEARINGS ON RATE INCREASES TO BE HELD IN CHICAGO

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—Public hearings on freight rate increases proposed by railroads west of the Mississippi River will begin in Chicago, February 16, and will be conducted by Interstate Commerce Commission.

The hearings will mark the beginning in public of an important rate case essentially different from the recent eastern case in that the western roads are not asking for a horizontal increase in all rates, but an increase based upon traffic conditions and upon the movement of individual classes and commodities.

Some of the advances proposed aggregate as much as 30 per cent, while others amount to only 2 or 3 per cent, and in some kinds of traffic no increases should be ordered south. These were in reality sent by Santibanez and it was only through a telegram received from T. L. Calera, that the true situation was first ascertained.

It is understood the western roads have endeavored to raise their rates as far as to beat the heavy on the general shipper.

All of the claims submitted to the western roads have been suspended by the commission. Petitions particularly from the railroad commissions of the western states, have been filed with the commission and concurred in by the state commissions will be taken in opposition to the increases. It was announced that February 16, 17 and 18 would be devoted to the presentation of evidence from respondents supporting in general their claim for increased rates, but not including evidence in support of increases of particular rates. Beginning Monday, March 15, opportunity will be given for the presentation of evidence in rebuttal of such general testimony.

The program for the hearings follows:

February 19-24—Grain and products; February 25-27—Live stock, fresh meat, packing house products and fertilizer.

March 1-2—Hay, straw and broom corn.

March 3-5—Action plebe goods.

March 6-9—Coal and coke.

March 10-11—Fruit and vegetables.

March 15-18—Shippers and any opposing the increases will have opportunity to present evidence in rebuttal to the claims of the railroads.

CUSTOMS RECEIPTS ARE FIFTY MILLION SHORT

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—Customs revenues for the six months ending December 31, last, amounted to \$167,221,234, compared with \$185,857,918 for the last six months of 1913. At the office of Assistant Secretary Peabody in charge of customs, these figures were said to confirm the treasury department's estimates and to show the necessity of the war revenue law.

SIX MORE SOLDIERS ARRESTED AT WALSENBURG

WALSENBURG, Colo., Jan. 4.—Federal authorities today arrested six more soldiers in connection with the theft of \$15,000 from the Walserburg postoffice several weeks ago. The men arrested are G. V. McMillan, Rudolph Kullman, Harry Komoski, John Freylinck, J. P. Harton and Chester Nineles. They were taken to Pueblo and locked in jail pending their arraignment.

WILLIAM STRUTT DIES

LONDON, Jan. 5.—(Tuesday). William Strutt, the artist, whose painting entitled "Pigs in France" in the Peace palace at The Hague, died yesterday.



'Uneeda Biscuit'

Enrich the appetite,
please the taste and
nourish the body.
Crisp, clean and fresh.
5 cents.

Baronet Biscuit

Round, thin, tender—
with a delightful flavor—
appropriate for lunch-
eon, tea and dinner.
10 cents.

GRAHAM CRACKERS

Made of the finest
ingredients. Baked
to perfection. The
national strength
food. 10 cents.

Buy-biscuit baked by
NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY
Always look for that Name.

RED CROSS TAKES UP RELIEF OF MEXICANS

Appeal Will Be Made to the Southwest to Send Food to Northern Towns

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—(Tuesday). Testimony in support of the American Red Cross, American红十字会, was heard in the Senate this morning. The restrictions were absolute in order to prevent anything from being paid out in aid of or to satisfy the committee that they had severed all connection with foreign countries reduced somewhat the following attendants.

The session opened with a round of singing sheets and the strains of the national anthem. A number of British and French members were absent on account of the war, while the Sebastianians who were present to satisfy the committee that they had severed all connection with foreign countries reduced somewhat the following attendants.

The single fact that business has remained even one hundred and one days without any increase in cost of living, was cited as evidence that the greatest crisis in the history of the exchange has been easily negotiated through the combined efforts of the treasury and the stock exchange committee.

The house had been redecorated during the prolonged recess and today it presented a cheerful appearance. Seven English members appeared in white. There was no shooting of bids over tables, and the bidding was conducted through a single auctioneer.

The committee decided to allow dealers only between the hours of 11 and 1 o'clock except outside the stock exchange and with no brokerage business claimed there will be no strict deadlines in American securities at the present time. The members generally appeared extremely pleased again to have recovered their losses after their wretched performances during the past five months.

The general opinion that the restrictions to trading would curtail business to a considerable extent was borne out during the first half hour. Not a single transaction occurred in American and only a few of these securities appeared.

The war loan was marked at 94% and one of 100-9-16, India 32 per cent were quoted at \$24 and Rio Tinto nominally at 100.

Although the market was quiet, the price of gold was high again, all named

gold stocks, and the gold market was quiet, the gold price was high again, all named

gold stocks, and the gold market was quiet, the gold price was high again, all named

gold stocks, and the gold market was quiet, the gold price was high again, all named

gold stocks, and the gold market was quiet, the gold price was high again, all named

gold stocks, and the gold market was quiet, the gold price was high again, all named

gold stocks, and the gold market was quiet, the gold price was high again, all named

gold stocks, and the gold market was quiet, the gold price was high again, all named

gold stocks, and the gold market was quiet, the gold price was high again, all named

gold stocks, and the gold market was quiet, the gold price was high again, all named

gold stocks, and the gold market was quiet, the gold price was high again, all named

COAL CO. ATTORNEYS AID IN PROSECUTION OF LA VETA MINERS

Name of One Defendant Is Left Out, But Trial at Pueblo Opens

PUEBLO, Jan. 4.—The prosecution for conspiracy in the killing of nine members of the United Workers of America, Regulators, in the killing of three young Americans and a Negro, and the conduct of a strike here last November, was held today. It was discovered that the name of one of the defendants, John Blackhart, was missing from the indictment.

The omission of the name was assigned by District Attorney Hendrick as a clerical error and it was decided to proceed with the examination of witnesses, naming Blackhart as one of the defendants.

Most of the session of the court today was taken up in arguing a motion by the defense, asking the appearance of the coal operators as assistants to the prosecution.

Judge H. P. Burke overruled the motion, sustaining the defense in its contention that the attorneys for the defense had known for several months that those attorneys were acting for the people and had not filed objections. The court rejected after the evidence was in court and under examination it was too late to entertain such a motion.

At the noon adjournment the trial was adjourned until 1 p.m. and the jury excused for the remainder of the day.

The defense's opening speech was made while T. H. Meekin, special assistant to the district attorney, was addressing the veniremen.

COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE: TUESDAY, JANUARY 5, 1915

COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE

Published every day in the year at The Gazette Building by the COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE CO.

CLARENCE P. DODGE President
CHARLES T. WILDER Editor
M. A. EGE Business Manager

Entered at the Colorado Springs postoffice for transmission through the mails as second-class matter.

TELEPHONE MAIN 215.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES IN ADVANCE:
ONE MONTH-DAILY AND SUNDAY... \$6.00
ONE YEAR-DAILY AND SUNDAY... \$7.00
ONE YEAR-SUNDAY ONLY... \$2.00
ONE YEAR-WEEKLY... \$1.00

ADVERTISING RATES ON APPLICATION

The Gazette is the only newspaper in Colorado Springs which receives the full report of the Associated Press every day of the week.

Advertising Representatives,
JOHN M. BRANHAM COMPANY
New York Brunswick Building
Chicago Mutual Building
St. Louis Chemical Building

TUESDAY, JANUARY 5, 1915.

WHAT ABOUT BATTLESHIPS?

ABOUT six months ago, before the war began, Admiral Sir Percy Scott of the British Navy created a sensation by declaring that the day of the all-big-gun ship was passed.

He regarded the expenditure of more money on dreadnaughts as waste, and said that the naval warfare of the future would be fought between submarines, torpedo boats and torpedo-boat destroyers, with hydro-aeroplanes taking an important part.

Admiral Scott is considered a high authority on naval construction, and his opinion excited discussion throughout the world which was interrupted only by the outbreak of war. And the events of the last five months seem to justify his conclusions. One after another England is losing ten-million-dollar dreadnaughts to attacks by two-hundred-thousand-dollar submarines, or by striking mines, scores of which can be planted in the sea at a trivial expense. In addition, three big cruisers, the *Hogue*, *Cressy* and *Aboukir* anticipated, it is true, were sunk by the same method.

The fate of the *Audacious* and the *Bulwark*, both new dreadnaughts of the latest type, set naval authorities thinking, and now the battleship *Formidable* has gone the same route. It was fifteen years old and, therefore, almost ready for the junk heap.

It cost \$5,000,000 to build, and apparently 500 men went down with it.

It would have been the same if it had been a super-dreadnaught of the latest type and twice the cost.

* * * *

The destruction of these vessels probably is not worrying the English admiralty as much because of the impairment of naval strength involved as it is because of its demonstration of the helplessness of this type of vessel in the presence of submarines, destroyers and mines. Mr. Churchill, first lord of the admiralty, has declared that British shipyards can continue throughout the war to turn out new vessels three times as fast as German shipyards can build them. Moreover, the available British fleet is still more than twice as strong as the combined naval forces of its enemies, and it is supplemented by the French fleet, which is itself as strong as that of the United States.

But the fact remains that the type of dreadnaught placed its main reliance in the fact that it could not be easily taken to pieces, and then gaffed off without leaving for further fighting purposes.

The fact that the *audacious* and the *bulwark* did not have to be taken to pieces to be destroyed is due to the fact that they were built to be sunk.

It is a matter of present importance in this country to the naval committees in Congress to know the numbers and types of vessels to be authorized by the next Appropriation Act. Senator Daniels advocates continuance of the present policy of building two dreadnaughts a year, but his opinion on naval matters is not considered authoritative. The naval officers who have served on the committees prefer to leave the new appropriations to the necessities of making provision for an unusually large number of destroyers and submarines.

Definite conclusions on this subject are not likely to be formed until after the conclusion of the war, and perhaps, after all, the war will not make much difference to the American Navy, for Congress is not in the habit of making extravagant appropriations for that branch of the service anyway.

It prefers to spend money on pork barrel legislation, which is of more personal benefit to its members.

IN THE NAME OF CONSISTENCY

IF PRESIDENT WILSON desires to have the United States maintain a strictly neutral position which he does not do with any degree of consistency, it is a mystery to nearly every one. Recently in the role of paterfamilias he has delicately conveyed to a firm of submarine constructors that they must not accept a fifty-million-dollar order from one of the fighting nations. Yet manufacturing concerns in all parts of the country are busily turning out army supplies, cavalry saddles, auto trucks and countless other accessories of war. Not long ago eighteen carloads of horses for the British government were shipped from Colorado Springs. What can be more inconsistent?

If America is to be neutral, why not con-

sistently so? To split hairs between sub-munitions for the navy, trousers for the French army, and saddles for the British cavalry, may be deceptively individual but hardly worthy of a consistent policy. Let us either stop selling any kind of war supplies to any of the fighting nations or send them whatever they order, first come first served.

If it is a question of providing food, clothing or provisions, not for use in war, let us do so by all means to any and all who wish in the name of common humanity. It will help both Europe and our own industries. But a vacillating policy of discrimination between this and that kind of munition of war is unworthy.

BITTERNESS

ONE of the many by-products of the war is the extraordinary bitterness that has arisen between Germany and the allied nations. The feeling is so deep that only years of peace and forgetfulness can sweep it away. It is personal enough on the part of the Germans against their individual foes, but the French and English seem to feel far more deeply against the arrogant military caste of the German monarchy than against the peaceful Teutonic citizen now inflamed by war.

In a recent story by Kipling, "Swept and Garnished," which appeared in the January Century Magazine, this feeling is intensified and no one reading the tale can, for one moment, doubt the sincere and strong bitterness that prompted the author to give full vent to his feelings.

The outburst against the Germans is the result of several cumulative conditions, such as Militarism, which is so prevalent through the Kaiser's realm, violation of Belgian neutrality, obvious intention of forcing a war at the first opportunity and, possibly, the pretense of the Germans that they are waging this barbaric battle in the interests of progress and *Kultur*.

BABY'S NAME

ANY new and striking event is enough to make newly arrived babes of the period weary and self-conscious for the rest of their natural lives. Fond parents do not hesitate to inflict upon their offspring such names as may help to immortalize a prominent character or an unusual event. The Russo-Japanese war was responsible for scores of impossible and oriental names. Honus Wagner and others of his ilk have introduced hundreds of budding ball players; the past is replete with *Antony*s and *Caesars*; the present not without its *Villas* and *Hueras*; what of the future and the European war with its unpronounceable afflictions? Perhaps this:

The baby's name was *Ypres*.
Trout, *Trieste*, *Kiau-Chau*,
Baura, *Avia*, *Asturias*,
Priyangu, *Alana*, *Tsinchuan*

From the Chicago Herald.

On a 4 per cent basis we have in the United States about 5,641 millionaires or rather had that many last spring when the income tax returns were made. The number of persons admitted the receipt of taxable incomes of \$10,000 a year and upward

Owing to the shrinkages resulting from the European war we may not have that many now. It is naturally reckoned the list would be diminished by the reduction of men whose incomes are from services other than from accumulated wealth. A man who receives a salary of \$40,000 or \$50,000 a year is not necessarily a millionaire and often not from it, as clearly appears when his estate gets into the process of court.

Doubtless many will feel surprised that there are so few millionaires. These figures seem small when compared with our memory of the discussions some years ago of exponents of the theory that "the rich are growing richer and the poor are growing poorer" and with the tables published by fabricators of Sunday supplement features for the jaundiced

and the ignorant.

However there are the official figures and it's a pretty safe bet that very few real millionaires have to tithe with their Uncle Sam's tax act.

There probably are some dodges of the income tax, but far rather obvious reasons they are to be looked for below the millionare line. Very few men who actually have more than \$10,000 or \$20,000 a year to spend are able to exercise such self-control as to conceal the fact.

The disclosure of the dimensions of our millionaire population seems likely to have a somewhat salutary effect upon various sorts of political agitation. Whatever its influence, the millionaire brigade evidently hasn't anywhere near as many votes as some thought.

* * *

nearly up to the West Point standard as it can be made. That would give the United States 5,000 officers annually. They would be citizens trained and accustomed to arms.

Evidently, then, the president was not merely rhetorical when he spoke of a citizen army. It may be found, as the legislative program is developed, that he favors the passage of a new army law and the making of appropriations which will permit the establishment and effective training of men who are willing to devote part of their leisure to the mastery of military duties.

It may be that Mr. Wilson believes in an effective citizen army of the United States and that his suggestion to congress was intended for its full worth. In such case we shall find the administration supporting a bill to encourage and receive contributions for adequate training. If this is found to be the case the criticism that the administration has no military policy whatever will be dismissed.

Mr. Wilson is avowedly against the professional military establishment. The assumption that he is against all military preparedness is based on that avowal, but it does not follow any plain interpretation of his words. In this session of congress it will be seen what justification there is for it.

RUSSIA'S MARCH TO THE SEA

From the Kansas City Star.

It is announced that Germany has a half a million Russian prisoners and the world wonders at the Russian loss, provided the figures are anywhere near correct. So far as Russia is concerned, attention is centered in this country on the fighting that is going on in Poland.

But possibly in Russia the Polish campaign is considered more in its relation to another phase of the war. Russia can get on with things as they were in the west. What it wants particularly is the command of the outlet of the Black sea. Constantinople is its aim.

For three centuries Russia has been struggling to break through to the sea. It is hemmed in the White sea where it is supreme. It marched east to the Pacific and then Japan blocked its way to an acre free port. With the Kiel canal Germany commands the Baltic. Constantinople stands guard over the passage from the Black sea.

This passage into the Mediterranean is of the greatest importance to Russia. The great plains that stretch away from the Black sea to the north are the granaries of Europe. They are to that continent what the Mississippi valley is to America.

With the development of steam power the Russian turners can readily get their crops to the Black sea ports for water shipment throughout Europe. But they can exercise that water shipment only by grace of the power that holds Constantinople.

In the season a constant procession of vessels of all nations laden with grain passes through the Bosphorus, the Sea of Marmora and the Dardanelles into the Mediterranean. Two years ago, when Turkey closed the Dardanelles in the month of May, during its war with Italy, 200 tesseris were bottled up in the harbor of Constantinople. This possibility of choking its foreign commerce has been a nightmare to Russia.

Three times in the Nineteenth century it moved its armed forces toward the Bosphorus, and three times its way was blocked by other nations, jealous of the control of that strategic outlet. In 1828 Russia reached Adrianople, only 150 miles away, in 1854 only the force of England and France kept them back, and in the war of '78 they were at the very doors of Constantinople. Thrice again, the king's city, as it is called in Russian—when they were once more deprived of the fruits of victory by the powers at the congress of Berlin.

"Owing to her geographical position," wrote the Austrian statesman Radetzky, in his memoirs, "Russia is the national and eternal enemy of Turkey. Russia must therefore do all she can to take possession of Constantinople, for its position alone will give her the necessary security and territorial completeness."

In the present war Russia must be looking forward to the achievement of its purpose to obtain free access to the sea for its far-stretching harvest fields.

OUR POPULATION OF MILLIONAIRES

From the Chicago Herald.

On a 4 per cent basis we have in the United States about 5,641 millionaires or rather had that many last spring when the income tax returns were made. The number of persons admitted the receipt of taxable incomes of \$10,000 a year and upward

Owing to the shrinkages resulting from the European war we may not have that many now. It is naturally reckoned the list would be diminished by the reduction of men whose incomes are from services other than from accumulated wealth. A man who receives a salary of \$40,000 or \$50,000 a year is not necessarily a millionaire and often not from it, as clearly appears when his estate gets into the process of court.

Doubtless many will feel surprised that there are so few millionaires. These figures seem small when compared with our memory of the discussions some years ago of exponents of the theory that "the rich are growing richer and the poor are growing poorer" and with the tables published by fabricators of Sunday supplement features for the jaundiced

and the ignorant.

However there are the official figures and it's a pretty safe bet that very few real millionaires have to tithe with their Uncle Sam's tax act.

There probably are some dodges of the income tax, but far rather obvious reasons they are to be looked for below the millionare line. Very few men who actually have more than \$10,000 or \$20,000 a year to spend are able to exercise such self-control as to conceal the fact.

The disclosure of the dimensions of our millionaire population seems likely to have a somewhat salutary effect upon various sorts of political agitation. Whatever its influence, the millionaire brigade evidently hasn't anywhere near as many votes as some thought.

* * *

PROPER SIGNATURE

From the Poston Globe.

Hoagie says that he'll never have any dealings with Carganin, the foul fugitive. Zora, the buxom woman with Villa's sailor, has no unclean characterization should be signed. Hurts no murderer.

Then I, the exception, he said. I've been doing all the work about the house for the last week.

There was a murmur of surprise.

Now we know my mother's a grand, independent old lady, skeptical of the world. "Why," I suggested, "I might not just as well see her for her health as for her home and all that turned up the wall and died."

I could cook a meal, I explained, though I had no idea of what to do.

They say that they are good cooks, too.

Hoagie says that he'll never have any dealings with Carganin, the foul fugitive. Zora, the buxom woman with Villa's sailor, has no unclean characterization should be signed. Hurts no murderer.

* * *

THE DELIRIOUS PRESS AGENT

From the Poston Globe.

All of the splendid Grecian-like days of world mystery is realistically and with the exactness of antiquity shown to these amazing pictures. We great cities we've seen in times of joyous peace with the classic richness of the period, the picturesque villages and glorious gardens, the stadium games and brilliant chariot races, victims to scenes of destruction, battles on land and sea, with man against man and through all shining as an immortal light.

It was a Jeffersonian notion of a trained army and in the war of 1812 it proved its truth to defend the British to maintain anything like a successful pursuit.

But it is still to be formed until after the conclusion of the war, and perhaps, after all, the war will not make much difference to the American Navy, for Congress is not in the habit of making extravagant appropriations for that branch of the service anyway.

It prefers to spend money on pork barrel legislation, which is of more personal benefit to its members.

* * *

WHY DIDN'T THEY COLLABORATE?

From the Chicago Herald.

Conference of both growers at Saginaw. National convention of compulsory education officials at Detroit.

* * *

WHY THE EDITOR LEFT TOWN

From the Chicago Examiner.

Max Moros' blond beauty is shown to advantage behind a large black hat.

* * *

SOMETHING APPARENTLY, IMPENDS

From the Joliette (Illinois) Gazette.

The winter is going to bring a lot of snow and ice, and after them a cold severe streak in training as

VEST Pocket Essays

BY GEORGE FITCH

Author of "At Good Old Siwash"

FLINT, MICHIGAN

Flint, Mich., is a by-product of the automobile industry. In 1908, before any means had been found of combining gasoline to do a decent day's work, Flint was a modest place of 15,000 people, which made wagons and buggies for a living and created no disturbance whatever on the map. The

Galler

THIRTY YEARS AGO TODAY

JANUARY 5, 1885.

At the meeting of the city council,

Fire Chief O'Brien called the attention

of the aldermen to the necessity for a

fire plug on the Mesa road west of

Monument creek.

Rev. J. C. Bay

Perkins-Shearer Co.

To put on one of our evening dress suits is a real satisfaction.

Fabrics the finest the world produces—the most exclusive tailor can show no finer.

Models that have all the individuality that's possible to put into evening clothes. The fit you see before you buy.

No regrets now or later—prices about half what a first-rate tailor charges. Ready to put on tonight. A number with dinner jackets to match.

High School Reaches Highest Attendance 5,500 Students in Colo. Springs Schools

With 990 students enrolled since September 1, 1914, the monthly report of Superintendent C. M. Cole of the board of education shows that the high school now has the highest registration in years. Since the opening of the fall semester 5,600 pupils have been enrolled in the city schools. The percentage of attendance for the month ending December, 1914, was 94, the average attendance of children being 4,403 in all the schools. The report in detail follows:

SCHOOL	AVERAGE ENROLLMENT	AVERAGE ATTENDANCE	HOURS ABSENT	PER CENT ATTENDANCE	TEACHERS TAKED
Bristol	288	273	34	94	8
Buena Vista	178	174	6	91	17
Columbia	379	362	34	96	36
Curtis	64	62	3	96	7
Garfield	547	505	29	94	2
Helen Hunt	233	216	19	94	3
High	924	884	99	95	22
Holiday	116	143	188	95	4
Illinoian	364	392	37	96	11
Lowell	587	477	70	86	19
Pike View	32	28	1	90	1
Rock Island	14	14	16	94	1
Roswell	95	91	5	107	1
Steele	503	485	12	92	2
Washington	374	360	30	96	3
Totals	4,687	4,403	507	94	132

VISITING NURSE ASSN. TO HOLD MEETING TOMORROW

Annual Election of Officers; December Report Shows That 972 Visits Were Made in Month

The annual meeting of the Visiting Nurse association will be held tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock, at the home of Mrs. Arthur Lennox Drummond, 1738 Wood avenue, when officers will be elected, and reports for the year's work will be read. Attempts have been made to send invitations to all those who have contributed to the work during the year, but all who have are invited to be present.

The report of Supervisor of Nurses Olive A. Chapman, for the month of December, shows that the association's nurses made 972 visits during that month and have 182 patients under their care at the present time. The report in full is as follows:

Report of Districts.

(West side, Mrs. Fletcher, nurse.) Number patients cared for during December	130
Number new patients cared for during December	24
Number patients dismissed	37
Number visits made during the month	420
(East side, Miss Foster, nurse.) Number patients cared for during December	104
Number new patients cared for during December	24
Number patients dismissed during December	15
Number visits made during December	250
Social service visits during month	202
Total number patients cared for during December	234
Total number new patients cared for during December	48
Total number patients dismissed during December	52
Total number visits made during December	972
Patients remaining under care December 31	185
Fees collected during month... \$4.00	

FIVE CENTS PROVES IT

A Generous Offer. Cut out this ad, enclose it with 5 cents to Foley & Co., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address plainly, and receive a free trial package containing Foley's Honey and Taffy Compound, for coughs, colds and grippe; Foley Kidney Pills, for kidney and bladder complaints, backache, pains in joints, rheumatism; and Foley Cathartic Tablets, a wholesome and thoroughly cleansing cathartic—try all three for 5 cents, the cost of mailing. Sold by Robinson Drug Co. Adv.

NOTICE

I have this day purchased the entire business of THE AVERY - BRUCE - HAIFIT INSURANCE AND AGENCY COMPANY and will conduct the same in future. All accounts due this firm must be paid to me at Room 11 First National Bank Building, Colorado Springs, Colorado.

Dated this 31st day of December, A. D. 1914. H. F. AVERY. Agent. Adv.

Woman Claims She Was Sold a Bogus Agency

Charging larceny, Mrs. Bertha Shuler, 426 East Kiowa street, yesterday swore out a warrant for Mrs. Lorella Davis in Justice Dunnington's court. Mrs. Davis, it is charged, sold a bogus "agency" to the plaintiff, and the district attorney's office believes others in this city have been made dupes in the same way. Mrs. Davis' whereabouts are unknown.

BARBERS INSTALL OFFICERS

Clyde Frame is the newly elected president of the local Union of the Journeyman Barbers International Union of America. Other officers are: N. B. Bright, vice president; E. F. Stanga, secretary; E. Higginson, treasurer; S. A. Petty, recorder; A. Sough, guide; C. E. Pritchard, guardian. The officers were installed last night in a regular monthly session in Carpenters hall.

MOTORIST HAS STORY ON PIKES PEAK ROAD

The work of preparing garments for destitute war sufferers in Belgium has been resumed by the women and girls of Colorado Springs with the passing of the Christmas holidays. Plans for a third shipment of clothing, which will be ready the early part of next month, are nearing completion, and the sewing circles are busily reorganizing in all parts of the city. The members expect to accomplish a great deal of work in the next five weeks and the shipment probably will be one of the largest up to that time.

There will not be an exhibition of garments before the next shipment, but the time and place for receiving the completed articles will be announced later.

BROWN'S
BRONCHIAL
TROCHES

Make a cough easy by preventing the irritation that induces coughing.

Free from opiates. 25c, 50c and \$1.00. Sample Free.

Adv.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

SPRINGS POLITICAL BEES START TO BUZZ

Lawton and Botts Candidates to Succed Selves; Election April 6

January 6—April 6.

Something like three months, but already the little political bees are fluttering around in political bonnets, both big and little. And before the city election draws much closer these same little bees will be buzzing at full speed.

But, anyway, they have stirred up so much trouble that about a dozen or so of the bonnets they inhabit get together the other night, and naked things over. They didn't settle all the difficulties which will rise, but they did decide that So-and-So and So-and-So would look fine in the chairs of commissioners of health and public works and property.

Who are the dream commissioners? Shh-h-h-h! A few days more and, at the instant urging of the people, they will step forth full-pledged candidates.

Rumor has dotted out a couple of nice little yarns to the effect that both Mr. Lawton and Mr. Botts will be candidates to succeed themselves to the two positions to be vacated. Mr. Botts verified this rumor last night, but this has nothing to do with the get-together affairs of a few nights ago.

That is still somewhat of a mystery. No one knows where it happened or just exactly who was there or definitely what was said. It seems, though, that some one present slipped it off that there's something in the air.

How to Be Candidates.

Anyway, for the benefit of those more seriously bothered by the little insects Article XIII of the city charter is recommended. Its more important sections state that the petition of nomination must consist of not less than 25 separate certificates, forms to be supplied by the city clerk, and that it must be filed with the city not earlier than 30 days and not later than 20 days before the date of election.

Have G. I. to Get Away to Appreciate Climate, Says Hoyt of Santa Fe

60 Adults Will Be Admitted From El Paso County to New Cottage Addition Early in February

Preparations for the opening of the new cottage addition to the Stratton home are going ahead rapidly, and already there is a large waiting list. It is estimated that the 15 new buildings can accommodate 40 more adults; and while the definite date of the opening is uncertain, the applicants probably will be admitted about the middle of February. Most of the men and women will come from El Paso county, and it is thought the county will be relieved from a great deal of charity work in view of the fact. The Associated Charities and other similar institutions in this city have for many years united in purchasing a living for a number of the old people who will now find a home in the Stratton buildings.

The equipment and furnishing for the new cottages and the big service building are being installed. There will be no formal opening and the homes will be occupied as soon as possible.

Joints that echo muscles that are drawn and contracted should be treated with BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It penetrates to the spot where it is needed and relieves suffering. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

Adv.

Harvesting Ice 'Crop' Gives Many Work

Joint that echo muscles that are drawn and contracted should be treated with BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It penetrates to the spot where it is needed and relieves suffering. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

Adv.

Joint that echo muscles that are drawn and contracted should be treated with BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It penetrates to the spot where it is needed and relieves suffering. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

Adv.

Joint that echo muscles that are drawn and contracted should be treated with BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It penetrates to the spot where it is needed and relieves suffering. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

Adv.

Joint that echo muscles that are drawn and contracted should be treated with BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It penetrates to the spot where it is needed and relieves suffering. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

Adv.

Joint that echo muscles that are drawn and contracted should be treated with BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It penetrates to the spot where it is needed and relieves suffering. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

Adv.

Joint that echo muscles that are drawn and contracted should be treated with BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It penetrates to the spot where it is needed and relieves suffering. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

Adv.

Joint that echo muscles that are drawn and contracted should be treated with BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It penetrates to the spot where it is needed and relieves suffering. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

Adv.

Joint that echo muscles that are drawn and contracted should be treated with BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It penetrates to the spot where it is needed and relieves suffering. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

Adv.

Joint that echo muscles that are drawn and contracted should be treated with BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It penetrates to the spot where it is needed and relieves suffering. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

Adv.

Joint that echo muscles that are drawn and contracted should be treated with BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It penetrates to the spot where it is needed and relieves suffering. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

Adv.

Joint that echo muscles that are drawn and contracted should be treated with BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It penetrates to the spot where it is needed and relieves suffering. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

Adv.

Joint that echo muscles that are drawn and contracted should be treated with BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It penetrates to the spot where it is needed and relieves suffering. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

Adv.

Joint that echo muscles that are drawn and contracted should be treated with BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It penetrates to the spot where it is needed and relieves suffering. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

Adv.

Joint that echo muscles that are drawn and contracted should be treated with BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It penetrates to the spot where it is needed and relieves suffering. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

Adv.

Joint that echo muscles that are drawn and contracted should be treated with BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It penetrates to the spot where it is needed and relieves suffering. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

Adv.

Joint that echo muscles that are drawn and contracted should be treated with BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It penetrates to the spot where it is needed and relieves suffering. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

Adv.

Joint that echo muscles that are drawn and contracted should be treated with BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It penetrates to the spot where it is needed and relieves suffering. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

Adv.

Joint that echo muscles that are drawn and contracted should be treated with BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It penetrates to the spot where it is needed and relieves suffering. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

Adv.

Joint that echo muscles that are drawn and contracted should be treated with BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It penetrates to the spot where it is needed and relieves suffering. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

Adv.

Joint that echo muscles that are drawn and contracted should be treated with BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It penetrates to the spot where it is needed and relieves

AUSTRIANS TO BLAME FOR FAILURE OF GERMAN PLAN TO TRAP WHOLE RUSSIAN ARMY

General Von Hindenburg Retreated in Order to Close In on Enemy, but Allies Were Too Slow to Give Assistance

THE BRITISH DAILY PRESS REPORTS that General von Hindenburg, German commander-in-chief, has been forced to retreat in order to close in on the Russian army, which he had planned to trap. The British newspaper says that the Germans have suffered a severe defeat at the hands of the Russians, and that it was the result of the failure of General Hindenburg's plan to trap the whole Russian army. The British newspaper also reports that the Germans have suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Begin to Bury Their Dead in
Aim the First Blow
The British newspaper reports that the British army has begun to bury their dead in the battle of the Somme. The British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Toward the End of the Day
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Reinforced
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Station Disengaged
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Don't Suffer With Neuralgia
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Musterole
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

WHAT GERMAN RAIDING SQUADRON DID TO ENGLISH TOWNS
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

BREAKS A COLD, OPENS CLOGGED HEAD AND NOSE

"Papa's Cold Compound" ends severe colds or grippe in few hours.

Relief comes instantly.

A dose taken every two hours until three doses are taken will end a severe cold either in the head, chest, body or lungs.

It promptly opens clogged up nostrils and passages in the head, stops noisy discharge of nose, numbing chills, side headache, dizziness, feverishness, sore throat, sneezing, soreness and stiffness.

Don't stay stalled up, give blowing and sneezing. Ease very thoroughly. Nothing else in the world gives such prompt relief as Papa's Cold Compound, which costs only 25 cents per one drachm size. It acts without assistance, tastes like citrus, causes no inconvenience. Be sure you get the genuine.

RENNENKAMPF'S PLANS TO FORCE AN INVASION OF EAST PRUSSIA SEEMS TO HAVE BEEN ABANDONED AFTER THE EXPENSE OF TWO OF HIS BEST UNITS HAD BEEN MADE BY THE GERMANS. ON A SUDDEN THE FIRST ARMY EASED ITS EFFORTS TO BREAK ACROSS THE LODEZ RIVER, SO THAT IN SEVERAL DAYS ALL WAS QUIET.

Meanwhile General von Mackensen had established contact with the Russian Second army in Kutno, then so situated that it might counteract its right flank if pushed too far. With the Russian offensive against Lestz, Russia were held with an advance threatening the Russian center. The Russian Fifth army was obliged to break its encirclement of the Silesian border and the Russian districts. Many of its units were lost trying to support the threatened center. So on a rainy day this measure permitted a further development of the trial of the Second army. But the movement of the Russian forces came a little too late to injure the Germans. The German offensive came a little too late to injure the Russians. To injure the Germans in this country was the most impossible in fact. On the Austrian front, applying his strategy of attrition, von Mackensen with all available resources has a strangle hold on the system and has been unable to move.

Russians Reinforced
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Had Double Task to Perform
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Right Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Left Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Left Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Right Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Left Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Right Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Left Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Right Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Left Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Right Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Left Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Right Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Left Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Right Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Left Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Right Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Left Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Right Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Left Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Right Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Left Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Right Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Left Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Right Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Left Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Right Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Left Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Right Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Left Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Right Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Left Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Right Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Left Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Right Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Left Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Right Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Left Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Right Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Left Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Right Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Left Flank
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

Attack on the Center
The British newspaper reports that the British army has suffered a heavy loss of men and equipment, and that they are now in a difficult position.

COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE: TUESDAY, JANUARY 5, 1915

CALLS GERMAN RAID ON ENGLISH COAST COWARDLY ATTEMPT INTIMIDATE COUNTRY

Sister of William Lloyd of C. S., Resident of England Near Coast, Tells of How British Are Facing Situation

The grim determination of the British people to conquer the Germans at all costs, together with some interesting anecdotes and reflections on the war, are told in a letter to William Lloyd, of this city, secretary of the Myron Stratton Home corporation. From his sister, Mrs. Mary Lloyd McConnel of Yorkshire, England, Mrs. McConnell's living in Heslere, a little English village in Yorkshire, which is about 50 miles from the coast town recently bombarded by the German navy. She is well known in England as a literary woman and writer of the war in an interesting style.

Her letter to Mr. Lloyd, written just after the bombardment, follows in part:

Larkfield, Heslere, Yorkshire, December 18, 1914.

My dearest beloved family:

How I have longed to be able to fly across to you three last few days and tell you not to worry or be the least bit uneasy about us or England! The whole thing has been a dastardly outrage—in keeping with German methods of making war on innocent people—but they did it to scare England, they never made a greater mistake in their lives—for we are not the least bit scared, only just more determined than ever to see the war through to a successful finish and put Germany where she cannot act like this again in a hurry.

We are between 50 and 80 miles of the nearest east coast resorts, and even the German biggest guns can't reach us! A few weeks ago there was a cartoon in Punch, representing a snug English home and garden, with a big John Bull in front very well fed, comfortable and satisfied with himself and the world at large. Just such a typical John Bull as seems to be a special attraction to the Germans that he should inflict the earth and enjoy the fruits of them. From behind the shrubbery at the back is rising a fearfully ugly man in the shape of a huge Zepplin with a sheet face and long scraggly claws. The Zepplin is saying "I will now release your flesh, trees, and John Bull" cheerfully, answers John Bull quite undisturbed at the terrible apparition that cartoon is the expression of England's attitude in the face of this dastardly attempt to intimidate the country by killing and maiming unfortunate men, women and children who had nothing whatever to do with the war, any more than you have ever in America. Scarborough is simply large and beautiful seaside resort, many fine hotels, boarding and lodging houses, with fashionable shopping centers for visitors. There is a prettily ruined castle crowning the cliff of one end of the town, dating from feudal times, and fallen into decay since the middle ages. Hartlepool sits in a stretch to the north of the abbey, with its ancient ruins, and it is a shipbuilding place and important trading industrial town, but by the wildest stretch of imagination Whitehaven could be considered a legitimate point of attack—an old, dirt-swept, huddled fishing town, nestled under high fells, on top of which at 1,000' stands the beautiful ruins of St. Hilda's abbey built nearly 800 years ago by the Danes in 800 and standing, albeit in splendid style by the early Normans, a place of high romance and great beauty down through the Plantagenet period until it fell in 1461 in the reign of Henry VII and has been gradually falling into disrepair since. Certainly we never thought that the beautiful remains would be shattered by German shells. You remember John and I were there for some time this last summer, walked up the limestone steps, which lead from the red-tiled buildings houses by the day up and up to the top of the cliff, and the wonderful old parish church, interesting in its way as the ruins of the abbey which stand a little way beyond. Here are situated the coast guard houses, and we stopped and spoke to some of the sturdy babies playing about in care of other sturdy children, not much older than themselves. One of the coast guards was killed, and some of these sturdy children are now fatherless. We know all that northeast coast very well indeed, and so were able to picture the hole scene better than those who have not been there. Yesterday I found Miss Bradley and her three grieving sons—the trouble of a great friend of mine, a Miss Moorhouse, a wealthy man's wife, who lives at Scarborough, wallowing in the sea. On Wednesday morning she came to me by her maid, a faithful creature, many years resident with her who said, "I am sorry to tell you, madam, that we think they are bombing the town." Miss Moorhouse was deeply shocked, somewhat alarmed, and ran at once and quickly dressed herself. When she entered my sitting room, the truthful maid lay dead on the heart and with a bullet through her brain. "This will greatly aid the Germans to capture Scarborough with ease." They used shrapnel, as well as incendiary shells, and what could shrapnel be used for except to kill people, and whom did they expect to kill? In unguarded seaboard resorts, except widow, spinster, school children, and maid servants? The postman was just delivering letters and the maid taking them from him; killed a shell burst and killed them both, another "glorious victory" for German prowess. "Proverbs says: 'He that is glad at calamities will not be unpunished,' and surely the Germans will be, to报复 what they have sown along our quiet, inoffensive seacoast."

The first accounts were naturally rather confusing as to the actual loss of life. Last night it had reached between 60 and 70, but John has just now brought word that there are at least 100 killed, besides double that number wounded, and the damage to property is very great.

This morning brought a letter from our old blacksmith at Coxwold and it is so interesting and intelligently written I shall copy it for you. He says: "Many thanks for the Advocate of Peace which I have been reading with much interest, especially the point of view brought forward in today's Yorkshire Post on 'The Incubus of Imperialism and Militarism' by an American writer, in which he suggests that the German people should rise against their rulers and help to overthrow their military offaldom before they are humbled to the dust. This day's doings, however, the wanton bombardment of our open coast towns, in open defiance of the rules of civilized warfare, will only show to the world the instincts of cruelty in the German mode of procedure, anyway or anyhow, so long as he gains his own ends, is her idea, ap-

parently, and will in the future only cause her own overthrow to be all the more complete. A remarkably sad case illustrating this has just been related to us here only an hour ago. A young man from Coxwold, married, and at present was living with his wife's parents, the mother an invalid, their own house, however, was just opposite. This morning when the Germans shelled Scarborough a shell struck the house of these people, the old gentleman had gone upstairs to soothe his wife, and the impact from the explosion of the shell drove him across the room—headlong, smashed the roof off the next room, one piece of iron some distance through the room of the poor invalid, but fortunately missed both occupants; the old gentleman was slightly hurt, probably by falling, every window was blown out, and one can but faintly imagine that it is as he told me tonight, impossible for them to describe such a complete wreck of their home, and he and his invalid wife and daughter and grandchild in the house, and not otherwise injured except the shock from such an awful occurrence. The room devastated by the bursting shell had just been prepared for the homecoming of their son next week, lucky he was not in it—it would have been certain death. Indeed, it is a marvel to me how a shell could burst in a house and not bring the whole lot to the ground, but it shows, too, that there is a providence over all, when human help is of no avail, and it was not to me the daughter ran out to get some sandbags, and another shell dropped yards up the street and burst, and she was very yet confused when she was telling me that she had not understood what or who was killed. Of course they got the old lady up and took the train for Coxwold, and the schoolmaster is left behind to look after things as best he can, the others are coming to our house for the time being. Much more harm has been done there than the paper gave account of, and I sincerely hope the fall of the Empire will be once more repeated in these treacherous empires. The poor young mother told us the little child, I think a year old or so, had neither eaten nor slept since the bombardment, poor little kid."

Well, I hope the day of reckoning will come speedily. Our Alaric the other week wrote to our son at the front and this morning had a letter in return in which he informed him that he had been promoted to farrier-sergeant. Here is an extract from his letter: "Mr. Hodder brought us to read our paternal residence comprises one weather-worn wagon cover, one rifle pole, two pairs of cross sticks, we block up one end facing the wind and rain. By a twist of luck, we have a bit of straw on the bottom, the camp is ankle deep in mud, but we lie dry at nights and have a song-song every night. All four of us lie side by side and are as happy as mudlarks. Some of our fellows are billeted in houses but I prefer the old tarponkin as it will be the pleasant in the end, as long as we can keep it dry we shall be contented," said one—congratulation—the weather can't be much worse."

Later he touches on the subject of the archbishop of York and the Kaiser and says he does not share his friend's views. A few days ago he says: "We lined the road to give his majesty the King a hearty British cheer when making a thorough tour of our lines, and did not have an imposing escort, about 4 or 5 motor cars." I remember you told me your granddad had joined the army. It is really grand to think how the better class have left all for their country—just the same as those who have nothing to lose, they are willing to make a storm and uplift the moral strength of mankind. Those brave souls of ours may return safe and sound when the pride of the nation is bright low.

Now isn't that the most interesting news from an old village blacksmith? The visit of George V to the front made a very good impression, and heartened the men up wonderfully, and pleased the India troops very much. He wore a simple workingman's khaki uniform and great coat, and insisted upon walking all he could, and so a great pleasure to picture the hero gone better than those who have not been there. Yesterday I found Miss Bradley and her three grieving sons—the trouble of a great friend of mine, a Miss Moorhouse, a wealthy man's wife, who lives at Scarborough, wallowing in the sea. On Wednesday morning she came to me by her maid, a faithful creature, many years resident with her who said, "I am sorry to tell you, madam, that we think they are bombing the town." Miss Moorhouse was deeply shocked, somewhat alarmed, and ran at once and quickly dressed herself. When she entered my sitting room, the truthful maid lay dead on the heart and with a bullet through her brain. "This will greatly aid the Germans to capture Scarborough with ease."

In general, the climate of France is temperate from boundary to boundary. In the south of France, the olive tree, orange and lime are grown, while in the north are grown those apples which need a sharp frost to bring out their best qualities. Winter seldom brings intense cold to northern or northwestern France, or to the low-lying fields of Belgium. There are very few days skating in this part of the war zone, but there are days and weeks, especially on the low plains of the coast, when it is bitterly cold, and when the monotonous feathered drizzle only gives way to thick yellow fog. The snows that fall in Belgium and in northern France are spongy with wetness.

As one goes northeastward through Germany, winter and summer alike become more and more severe. In northwestern Germany, the summers are not very hot, the mean temperature being about 62 degrees, and the winters are also mild, the temperatures falling but little below 30 degrees Fahrenheit. Throughout southern and central Germany the same mildness in weather, in general, predominates. But in West Prussia, Posen, Silesia and East Prussia, the regions affected by present war operations, winter is savage and summer oppressive.

Russian Poland, whose most southerly boundary is north of the latitude of Winnipeg, has a winter somewhat similar to the winter of New England. An even cold, with little snow, but with often razor-edged winds from the northward, characterizes the central plain of Russian Poland, where the greatest operations in the eastern theater are now taking place. In northern and central Galicia, winter becomes more severe and trying. There is a greater snowfall, lower temperatures, and the winds from the steppes of the north are still frequent and much more difficult to withstand. icy gales for days at a time shriek out of the north over Galicia's plains.

Most of the waters in this eastern theater of war freeze over early. All the rivers of the White Sea basin are frozen by November 20, and remain frozen on an average of 187 days. The Volga remains frozen about December 20. The Don remains frozen 150 days in the north and about 90 days at Astrakhan. The Dneiper, 80 to 122 days; the Dniester, 125 days, and the Vistula about 80 days at Warsaw.

Adv. rule about 80 days at Warsaw.



COUNT SERGIUS WITTE

of Russia. Who Says Allies Must Win

personally coming into close contact with the troops as possible, walking among them and talking freely and asking questions. The Prince of Wales was with him, but did not stay close to him nor pay any very extra attention to him, but seemed so interested in everything on his own account, it drives his own motor car and acted as pilot about the muddy roads to his home.

Now, don't have one uneasy thought about us. I am real sorry for all of you sales that I am over on this side, but am very glad for John's sake that I am with him for he would be pretty lonely and dismal these times if he did not have me. The Germans might come around all the coasts of England threatening and bombing, and it would only make the inhabitants move back inland a bit and be more than ever determined to keep a stiff upper lip and conquer in the end.

Your own,
Moll.

WAR IS STAGED IN COLDEST REGIONS

Wide Range of Temperature Found in the Belligerent Nations

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—The National Geographic society today gave out a statement which throws some light upon climatic conditions in the several theaters of the European war. It says:

"From the blood-curdling cold of East Prussia, Russia, Poland and eastern Galicia to the pleasant cool of the southeastern Black sea coast, all manner of winter weather is experienced in the zone of military operations.

There is a wide range of temperatures and a diversity of other climatic conditions to be met in the preparations of the various armies. For the most part, however, the war zone follows the belt of severe winter conditions.

East Prussia, on the northeast, through northern Austria, northern Prussia to Flanders, winter is harsh upon those who are forced to live out of doors. Where, in this belt, it is not intensely cold, it is chill and wet and just as hard to bear as the crisp, biting keenness of the Russian steppes.

In general, the climate of France is temperate from boundary to boundary. In the south of France, the olive tree, orange and lime are grown, while in the north are grown those apples which need a sharp frost to bring out their best qualities.

Winter seldom brings intense cold to northern or northwestern France, or to the low-lying fields of Belgium. There are very few days skating in this part of the war zone,

but there are days and weeks, especially on the low plains of the coast, when it is bitterly cold, and when the monotonous feathered drizzle only gives way to thick yellow fog. The snows that fall in Belgium and in northern France are spongy with wetness.

As one goes northeastward through Germany, winter and summer alike become more and more severe. In northwestern Germany, the summers are not very hot, the mean temperature being about 62 degrees, and the winters are also mild, the temperatures falling but little below 30 degrees Fahrenheit.

Throughout southern and central Germany the same mildness in weather, in general, predominates.

But in West Prussia, Posen, Silesia and East Prussia, the regions affected by present war operations, winter is savage and summer oppressive.

Russian Poland, whose most southerly boundary is north of the latitude of Winnipeg, has a winter somewhat similar to the winter of New England. An even cold, with little snow, but with often razor-edged winds from the northward, characterizes the central plain of Russian Poland, where the greatest operations in the eastern theater are now taking place.

In northern and central Galicia, winter becomes more severe and trying. There is a greater snowfall, lower temperatures, and the winds from the steppes of the north are still frequent and much more difficult to withstand. icy gales for days at a time shriek out of the north over Galicia's plains.

Most of the waters in this eastern theater of war freeze over early. All the rivers of the White Sea basin are frozen by November 20, and remain frozen on an average of 187 days. The Volga remains frozen about December 20. The Don remains frozen 150 days in the north and about 90 days at Astrakhan. The Dneiper, 80 to 122 days; the Dniester, 125 days, and the Vistula about 80 days at Warsaw.

Adv. rule about 80 days at Warsaw.

ENGLAND SEEKS FRENCH OPINION ON U. S. REPLY

France Vitaly Interested in Situation Because of Activity of Ships

ANSWER TO BE FRIENDLY

American Shippers Will Be Urged to Certify Contents of Cargoes

LONDON, Jan. 4.—The British government's reply to the American note concerning contraband probably will be sent before the end of this week. An outline of the reply had been submitted to France, which is greatly interested because of the activity of the French ships in searching Mediterranean cargoes.

A statement probably will be issued shortly, showing that Italy has arrived at an understanding with England and other allies concerning contraband satisfactory to all the countries affected.

It can be stated authoritatively that only five cargoes destined for Italy have been stopped at Gibraltar since November 15. Two of these were released within three days and the others as soon as the alleged contraband could be removed. Since December 4 no cargoes destined for Italy have been intercepted by the allies.

Rubber cargoes destined for America and Italy at English ports probably will be released soon or purchased by Great Britain, which needs much rubber for the manufacture of tires, bed blankets and boats.

Constant negotiations are in progress between the allies and the neutral European countries situated near Germany, looking to a tightening of the export regulations which will prevent American shipments from reaching Germany and Austria through neighboring countries other than Italy.

A loosening of the regulations applying to American exports, it is said by British officials, will depend largely on the assurances received from neutral authorities that they will assist in supplying Germany, Austria and Turkey with munitions of war.

Reply Will Be Friendly.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—Sir Edward Spring-Rice, the British ambassador, called at the state department today for the first time since the American note of protest on shipping was sent to Great Britain. He conferred with counselor Robert Lansing.

Though he had received no instructions as yet concerning the answer which is to be made to the American note, the British ambassador indicated that it would be of a most friendly character. It is understood that Sir Edward regards the American note as moderate in tone and cordial and to the usually peremptory and uncompromising branches of the federal agents.

Widenerman was summoned yesterday by United States Judge Page on a charge of defrauding the government in the issue of false certificates of incorporation during 1914.

That Sir Edward Gray in his talks with Ambassador Page similarly showed that England received the American note in very much amicable spirit and intended to coordinate the shipping situation so far as was possible to do so, was learned today from high officials here.

U. S. to Certify Cargoes.

Another development, which is regarded as affording a solution of one of the points under dispute between Great Britain and the United States, is the decision of the Washington administration to certify American cargoes to the exact contents before loading, according to the treasury department, and to issue certificates for storage for longer than 30 minutes, obtained from the company, and to require that the cargo be certified to contain no articles prohibited by law.

Exporters will be urged to accompany their products with certificates setting forth exactly the contents of their shipments. Treasury officials will be instructed to certify that the cargoes contain the articles mentioned in the manifest, but they, of course, will not endeavor to rule on the subject of whether a product is or is not contraband, or what its ultimate destination may be.

London, Jan. 4.—Tuesday.—The Standard in an editorial makes a strong plea for greater publicity as a concession to American feeling, when American ships are detained for search. It says it would be a great departure from the accepted British practice, but is not unreasonable. It thinks also that a joint Anglo-American committee, with powers to advise and report, would be advisable and that a certificate from such a body on each vessel as it arose would go far to satisfy American opinion.

The Standard also supports the idea of Great Britain taking the entire cotton and copper supplies.

ASKS SCOTT CASE BE TRANSFERRED FOR TRIAL

FORT WORTH, Tex., Jan. 4.—Mrs. Elizabeth Scott, one of the defendants in the Winfield Scott case, will sue on behalf of herself and the other defendants, interposed a motion for a change of venue in the trial which began here today. Mrs. Scott asserted the will of the late millionaire cattleman had created prejudice in the county because it alienated considerable property to a minor. Attorneys for the contestants, Mrs. George Scott, Townsend of Dallas, and H. F. Kern, G. A. 313 Railway Exchange Bldg., Denver, Colo., 556,

Makes Stubborn Coughs Vanish in a Hurry

Surprisingly Good Cough Syrup
Easily and Cheaply
Made at Home

If some one in your family has an obstinate cough or a bad throat or chest cold that has been troubling you and refuses to yield to treatment, get from any drug store 2½ oz. of Pinex and make it into a tincture of cough syrup, and watch that cough vanish.

Pour the 2½ ounces of Pinex into a small bottle and fill the rest of the glass graduated sugar jar. The total cost is 5 cents, and gives you a full bottle of a simple and most effective remedy at a saving of \$1. A day's use will usually overcome a bad cough. Easily prepared, it is perfectly and has a pleasant taste. Children like it.

It's really remarkable how promptly and easily it lessens the dry, hoarse or tight cough and heals the inflamed membranes in a rapid way. It also stops the fits of violent coughing, thus quieting the persistent loose cough. An antidote to bronchitis, winter coughs, bronchial asthma and whooping cough.

Pinex is a strong and highly concentrated compound of various Sarsaparilla roots, which is so healing to the membranes.

Avoid disappointment by asking your druggist for 2½ ounces of Pinex, and do not accept anything else. A guarantee of absolute satisfaction goes with this preparation or money readily refunded.

The Pinex Co., 14, Wayne, Ind.

OHIO OPERATORS TO BREAK WITH THE MINERS UNION TODAY

</div

SPORTING NEWS

**BASKETBALL PRACTICALLY ASSURED
AT C. C. AND SQUAD STARTS WORK
TODAY; FIRST GAME HERE JAN. 30**

**LOBERT GOES TO GIANTS IN LATEST TRADE
Chas. Dooin Possible Trade to Cincinnati;
DEMARFF, STOCK AND ADAMS FIGURE IN DEAL**

**Committee From Faculty Reports Favorably
on Indoor Schedule, and Pres. Slocum O.
K.'s Scheme; Culp, First Baseman on Ball
Team, Returns but Is Ineligible**

The committee of five appointed from the Colorado college faculty to take up the question of basketball at the institution has reported favorably and it is believed in college circles that the official O. K. will be placed on the Tigers entrance into the intercollegiate schedule. Before the holidays the faculty at a regular meeting decided against the sport, maintaining that the athletes should be given a rest between the football and spring athletics seasons. The students, realizing that for the first time they have the equipment and material for a basketball floor, instantly started a petition protesting the ruling.

Owing to the holidays and the fact that the schedule meeting was adjourned up a committee of five was appointed to investigate the feasibility of the game, and that if the report of the committee was favorable, that Coach Rothgeb should book the schedule. The schedule was booked; e. g., the report was favorable. However, the final word has not been said, but will be given at the meeting to be held Friday afternoon. It is believed that the sanction will not be withheld.

Material Out Today.

Acting on his belief, Coach Rothgeb will gather his basketball material around him in the gymnasium this afternoon, when plans for the work-outs for next fall will be discussed and active training started. Doubtless the first squad will consist of 12 players, to be selected this week, owing to the fact that the schedule will commence on Saturday, January 30, for the Tigers. Colorado university's first game will be here on that date.

The basketball material at the college is somewhat unknown, because there never has been any attempt to put the game on a collegiate basis.

Can Play Four Years.

It also was reported that the four-year participation rule will come up at the meeting. In fact, the plan for three-year athletics was proposed, but was defeated. In the conference, at this time, an athlete can play four seasons. The Montana Aggies and Montana State college were placed on the accredited list, on probation that they come up to the standard set by the Pacific Northwest conference, which has rulings similar to the Rocky mountain organization, but which allows the playing of freshmen. Wyoming plays under similar rulings.

The small number of men in those schools is the cause.

Demares Poor in 1914.

Demares came to New York from Maine late in 1912. In 1913 he did sensational work, but he had a poor season.

BASKETBALL WAS ORIGINATED TO FURNISH SPORT FOR AN ALL-AROUND DEVELOPMENT

**Story of How Peach Baskets Were First Used
for Sport Shows Game Is 21 Years Old**

By WALTER F. DUNN

A child discovered crying in a clothes-lined basket, no significance in basket-ball, but a peach basket does. Basket-ball should now be chosen as a major branch of sport in view of the fact that the game is more than 21 years old. Twenty-three years ago last week the peach-basket game originated in Springfield, Mass.

One child, during the month of December, 1891, a staff of athletic instructors at the Springfield Young Men's Training School, in the office of Mr. Luther Gulick, athletic director, and they drew their chairs within close range of the open fire, where expanded their chests, and announced that they were in need of some new mode of exercising. Tanco dane, of that period was unheard of, basketball finally proved to be the new pastime.

Wanted to Develop Youth.

Dr. Gulick asked for suggestions from his colleagues. His object was to inaugurate a sport that would serve as a perfection in scientific physical development, but made it distinctly clear that he hoped to abolish the use of chinning bars, and that period was indeed of benefit.

In 1892 several athletic associations of the country adopted the sport. At the end of the year 10,000 persons were recorded as having taken up the pastime in this country. It started with 18 rules which were formed by the officials at Springfield. Each year amendments have been made until there is really no uniform code, at the present writing.

**Hot Springs Police
Are After Gilbert and
Carroll; They've Gone**

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., Jan. 4.— The boxing game in Hot Springs received a jolt here Saturday when warrants were issued for Fighting Dick, Gilbert of Denver and Sailor Carroll of Colorado Springs for engaging in a prize fight on New Year's night. Neither Carroll nor Gilbert was taken into custody as both had evidently been "tipped" off and had moved to other parts.

**Main of Detroit Is
Signed by Federals**

CHICAGO, Jan. 4.— Miles Main, pitcher for the Detroit ball club last year, today signed a two-year contract with the Federal League, according to an announcement by James A. Gilmore, president of the league. He will be assigned to a club later. Main first pitched with the Buffalo club of the International League.

Black Eyes After First Game.

An association football was utilized in the inauguration in the gymnasium of the medical training school. The game was first planned to involve innumerable participants. No thought had yet been given as to the rules regarding the use of bats in hitting the ball about the floor. As a result several of the participants in the first contest left the game with maimed eyes. Goals were not considered at the start. The object of the game was merely to rate about and jab the association football.

After almost giving up the game with its first failure to bring out scientific elements, goals were considered. Peach baskets were the objects first to be seen on the exterior of the building. Prof. Nasmith and a fellow-instructor each brought one of the cast-off fruit receptacles into the gymnasium. A basket was placed on the floor at each end of the hall.

It required but one attack on each

NEW YORK MARKET

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.— Reopening of the London stock exchange peace rumors from abroad, which met with prompt denial so far as they affected this government, successful flotation of the \$16,000,000 Argentine loan by United States bankers and some evidence of January reinvestment demand exercised more or less influence over today's moderately active and strong market for securities. Leading shares, especially the interest division, rose from 1 to 3 points with gains of almost as much in less prominent stocks. Individually the three-year 6 per cent New York city notes rose to a new record price, while exchange on London receded to within a fraction of its bottom figure of the previous year.

General news of the day included an unofficial estimate pointing to a substantial increase in December tonnage of the United States Steel corporation.

Other features of interest were a new high record for wheat and some freight movement partly in excess of this period last year. Trade arrived from the middle west suggested definite improvement in general business.

Railroads in the western South made out adverse reports of earnings for St. Paul showing a net decrease of \$74,000 and Louisville & Nashville a loss of \$52,000.

Time loans for all dates were quotable unchanged, but actually lower where high-class collateral was offered. Interior banks loaned considerable amounts and renewed their recent buying of mercantile paper.

Mysteries attended the removal of \$2,000,000 in gold from the assay office, the place of destination being withheld.

London's dealings in Americans were necessarily limited under the many restrictions imposed. New York Central being the only issue to manifest marked strength.

Early irregularity in bonds gave way to general firmness at the close. Total sales par value amounted to \$1,454,000.

United States government bonds were unchanged on call.

Quotations Furnished by Otis & Co.
Open High Low Close
Amal. Copper .50 53% 52 52 52 52

Alaska .26 26% 26 26 26 26

Am. Beet Sugar 34 34% 34 34 34 34

Am. Car & Fdy 44 45 45 45 45 45

Am. Cotton Oil 39 39 39 39 39 39

Am. Iron 20 21 21 20 20 20

Am. Smet. 57 57 57 57 57 57

Am. Sugar 104 104 104 104 104 104

A. T. & T. 124 124 124 124 124 124

Am. Tob. 220 220 220 220 220 220

Anaconda .25 25 25 25 25 25

Atchison .93 94 94 94 94 94

Bair. Steel .68 68 68 68 68 68

Brooklyn R. T. .48 48 48 48 48 48

Calf. Pet. 16 16 16 16 16 16

Can. Pac. 156 157 157 157 157 157

Cent. Leather 37 37 37 37 37 37

Ches. & Ohio 41 41 41 41 41 41

C. G. W. 104 104 104 104 104 104

C. M. & S. P. 36 37 37 37 37 37

China Copper .33 34 34 34 34 34

C. P. & L. 22 22 22 22 22 22

Cong. Gas 112 112 112 112 112 112

Erie 21 21 21 21 21 21

Gen. Elec. 34 34 34 34 34 34

Gen. Inv. 140 140 140 140 140 140

G. N. P. 112 112 112 112 112 112

Int. Met. 28 28 28 28 28 28

Ind. Copper 16 16 16 16 16 16

Leligh Valley 131 131 131 131 131 131

Mex. Pet. 54 54 54 54 54 54

Mo. Pacific 8 8 8 8 8 8

Nat'l Lead. 44 44 44 44 44 44

N.Y. Central 84 84 84 84 84 84

N.Y. N. H. & W. 56 56 56 56 56 56

N.Y. O. & W. 22 22 22 22 22 22

Nor. Pac. 100 100 100 100 100 100

Pennit. 104 104 104 104 104 104

P. Steel & Car. 34 34 34 34 34 34

Ray. Corp. 16 16 16 16 16 16

Reading 142 142 142 142 142 142

R. I. & S. pfd. 4 4 4 4 4 4

Rock Island 7 7 7 7 7 7

Sou. Pacific 81 81 81 81 81 81

St. Paul 14 14 14 14 14 14

Union Pacific 117 117 117 117 117 117

U. S. Rubber 32 32 32 32 32 32

U. S. Steel 102 102 102 102 102 102

Utah Copper 49 49 49 49 49 49

West. Union 58 58 58 58 58 58

Westinghouse 62 62 62 62 62 62

Am. Sugar pfd. 112 112 112 112 112 112

Total sales—\$13,400.

Capital sales—\$13,400.

NEVADA STOCKS

Quotations Furnished by Otis & Co.

Bid Ask

Goldfield District—

Atlanta .40 .41

Booth .16 .17

Blue Bull .7 .8

C. O. D. .8 .9

Combination Fr. .8 .9

Daisy .10 .10

D. B. B. .6 .7

Florence .55 .55

Goldfield Com. .160 .160

Jumbo Ext. .227 .227

Lone Star .11 .11

Merle .32 .33

Spearmint .21 .22

Silver Pick .13 .14

Vernal .4 .5

Yellow Tiger .7 .8

Manhattan District—

Manhattan Com. .4 .4

Oro .12 .12

Sand .12 .13

Keweenaw .28 .29

Great Bend .10 .11

Constrictor District—

Con. Va. .13 .14

Confidence .20 .20

Hale & Norcross .3 .3

Mexican .42 .42

Ophir .10 .10

Savage .5 .5

Sierra Nevada .2 .2

Want Ads

WANTED Male Help

MEN—One illustrated catalogue explaining how we teach the barber trade in few weeks. Address: W. E. WHITE, MOLER COLLEGE, Denver, Colo.

LEE YING PONG has bought out the "Lion" restaurant at 29 E. Huertan St., from Sami W. W. and will continue business under the same name.

PRIVATE TUTORING, afternoons and night. J. B. Walton, A. M., 524 N. Weber.

120 N. Nevada, hair cut, 15c; shave, 10c; You are next, the best.

WANTED Female Help

WISH to employ high-class woman of ability and integrity, with local acquaintance to superintend and assist point solicitors for magazine; good salary and permanent employment for right party; give references in answering. Joe Smith, 314 Lankershim Building, Los Angeles, California.

MASSAGE COLLEGE: both sexes, anatomy basis; diploma, big pay. 63 N. Weber.

HENDERSONS Employment office, good positions, help service. 28 E. Kiowa, M., 2916.

WANTED—School girl to work for room and board, no children, two in family. Phone 2967. 1820 N. Franklin.

LADIES, gentle and children's used clothing bought and sold at 32 N. Weber St. Phone Main 894.

FIRST-CLASS help furnished. Mrs. A. McGrath's Employment Office, 311 E. Bijou. Phone 40683.

WANTED—Girl for general house work. 124 East Williamette.

YOUNG lady to work for tuition. Apply Brown's Business college.

WANTED Situations
EXPERIENCED experienced automobile driver wishes position in private family; references furnished. Mr. N. C. Hall, 100 2nd St., Denver, Colo.

WANTED—Position as stenographer and bookkeeper; five years' experience; city references. Address Y-21, Gazette.

WORK, by married man, railroad and office experience, and night watchman; reliable city references. 337 Colo. Ave.

STENOGRAPHIC position by young lady; four year's experience; references; can furnish machine. M. 38892.

HIGH SCHOOL girl wishes light work for room and board (after Jan. 16). Address Y-26, Gazette.

NURSE experienced, maternity, medical. 127 E. Bijou. Phone M. 1800.

PUBLIC STENOGRAPHER. 49 Hagerman Building.

WANTED MISCELLANEOUS
T. C. JONES, age 20 to Henry Clay, all kinds of hauling. Ashpits cleaned. 1013 S. Cascade. Phone Ph. M. 1849.

ASH PITS cleaned, express work done. Office, 114 E. Cuchuras. Phone Main 1064. H. T. O'Brien, Mgr.

WE PAY 200 dozen for quart beer bottles; also highest prices for all kinds junk. Phone Main 813.

WANTED—Machinist's bench vise, 34 or 4-in. jaw; must be in good condition; state price. W-11, Gazette.

EXPRESS work, ashpits cleaned, junk bought. Ph. M. 1846; 21 E. Huertan. ASHPITS cleaned, express work done. Phone Main 8182. John D. Anderson.

SAFETY razor blades sharpened. E. H. Morris, 111 E. Huertan St.

SAFETY blades sharpened. Sun Drug Co. and Fiedlers cigar store.

STORAGE & TRANSFER
THE combination experience, care, fulfilled, promptness and price that has established our reputation as packers and movers of furniture; experienced men, modern storage, are for your use. The Smith Storage and Transfer Co. Phone 100. E. 21st.

STORAGE MILLEN. HE stores goods right. 107-111 S. Nevada.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS
E. W. HUNTER, fine piano tuning. 117 E. Pikes Peak, rear. Phone Main 1229.

POULTRY SUNDRIES
TWO blue Andalusian cockerels for \$2 a piece; good stock. Mrs. Anna Moore, Husted, Colo.

CHOICE Flemish Giant doves, breed, reasonable; wagon, cheap. 422 N. El Paso.

FOUR thoroughbred White rock roosters for sale. 1006 E. Platte Ave. Phone M. 3485.

DRESSMAKING
QUEEN CITY College of Dressmaking and Tailoring. Satisfaction guaranteed. Laura G. Abshamian, Instructor. Phone M. 318. El Paso Bank Bldg.

DRESSMAKING of all kinds; work guaranteed. 21 N. Nevada. M. 38892.

Watch and Clock Repairing

WATCHES cleaned, 50c; mainsprings, 50c; work guaranteed. We buy old gold and silver. S. Klein, 18 E. Huertan. Phone M. 541.

HOMSTEADS

CHOICE homesteads. See me before locating and save money. Ph. M. 2672.

For Sale Rooming Houses

FURNITURE of 3-room house and rear cottage; rooms all full; rent reasonable. 201 S. Nevada.

CLAIRVOYANTS

YESTERDAY, 14 years of age. 14 YEARS old son of Colo. Springs.

MRS. SAMPSON, noted psychic; all work guaranteed. Readings daily. Spiritual meetings Sun., Thurs. eve., 8 sharp. 110 N. Nevada. Phone 1817.

PATENTS

PATENTS OBTAINED—Fifteen years experience. John G. Powell, M. 3111 Bldg., 12th & Ven.

FOR RENT HOUSES

Furnished

TWO, three and four-room apartments, \$20, \$25 and \$30, on Cascade Ave., north of college, no sick. Phone Red 314 before 10 o'clock. Main 192 after.

COOP. hotel, poor car line; desirable location in Irwindale. Phone 427, or call Room 2, Midland Block.

FEVE ROOM cottage; nicely furnished; hot water heat; large sleeping porch; permanent to reliable tenants. 319 E. Dale St. Phone Main 587.

FURNISHED four-room cottage; modern except heat; with garden and chicken yards. 310 E. Boulder. Inquire 408 E. Bijou.

4-ROOM cottage, furnished; sleeping porch; modern except heat. 316 E. Cache la Poudre. 6 rooms; modern. Sleeping porch, garage. 110 S. Tejon.

8-R. cottage; partly furnished; sleeping porch; close in. Inquire 6 Boulder Crescent.

6-ROOM modern house, with new heating system; ready Jan. 12; two blocks from postoffice. Call 325 E. Kiowa.

4-ROOM unfurn. rustic cottage, modern except heat. 226 Cheyenne Ave., 120 months. Ph. 4148, afternoon.

MODERN room, furnished; sleeping porch; modern except heat. 316 E. Chestnut. W. E. McClung. Main 62.

SEVEN-room modern, furnished or unfurnished. Call 201 Bennett Bldg. Phone M. 2485.

CHOICE two-room cottage; lights, gas, water, sleeping porch. 426 East Kiowa.

12 ROOMS, furnished, good location, barn or garage. 929 N. Nevada Ave. Complete. 1425 N. Elroy. Phone 3755.

LADIES, gentle and children's used clothing bought and sold at 32 N. Weber St. Phone Main 894.

FIRST-CLASS help furnished. Mrs. A. McGrath's Employment Office, 311 E. Bijou. Phone 40683.

WANTED—Girl for general house work. 124 East Williamette.

YOUNG lady to work for tuition. Apply Brown's Business college.

WANTED Situations
EXPERIENCED experienced automobile driver wishes position in private family; references furnished. Mr. N. C. Hall, 100 2nd St., Denver, Colo.

WANTED—Position as stenographer and bookkeeper; five years' experience; city references. Address Y-21, Gazette.

WORK, by married man, railroad and office experience, and night watchman; reliable city references. 337 Colo. Ave.

STENOGRAPHIC position by young lady; four year's experience; references; can furnish machine. M. 38892.

HIGH SCHOOL girl wishes light work for room and board (after Jan. 16). Address Y-26, Gazette.

NURSE experienced, maternity, medical. 127 E. Bijou. Phone M. 1800.

PUBLIC STENOGRAPHER. 49 Hagerman Building.

WANTED MISCELLANEOUS
T. C. JONES, age 20 to Henry Clay, all kinds of hauling. Ashpits cleaned. 1013 S. Cascade. Phone Ph. M. 1849.

ASH PITS cleaned, express work done. Office, 114 E. Cuchuras. Phone Main 1064. H. T. O'Brien, Mgr.

WE PAY 200 dozen for quart beer bottles; also highest prices for all kinds junk. Phone Main 813.

WANTED—Machinist's bench vise, 34 or 4-in. jaw; must be in good condition; state price. W-11, Gazette.

EXPRESS work, ashpits cleaned, junk bought. Ph. M. 1846; 21 E. Huertan.

ASHPITS cleaned, express work done. Phone Main 8182. John D. Anderson.

SAFETY razor blades sharpened. E. H. Morris, 111 E. Huertan St.

SAFETY blades sharpened. Sun Drug Co. and Fiedlers cigar store.

STORAGE & TRANSFER
THE combination experience, care, fulfilled, promptness and price that has established our reputation as packers and movers of furniture; experienced men, modern storage, are for your use. The Smith Storage and Transfer Co. Phone 100. E. 21st.

STORAGE MILLEN. HE stores goods right. 107-111 S. Nevada.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS
E. W. HUNTER, fine piano tuning. 117 E. Pikes Peak, rear. Phone Main 1229.

POULTRY SUNDRIES

TWO blue Andalusian cockerels for \$2 a piece; good stock. Mrs. Anna Moore, Husted, Colo.

CHOICE Flemish Giant doves, breed, reasonable; wagon, cheap. 422 N. El Paso.

FOUR thoroughbred White rock roosters for sale. 1006 E. Platte Ave. Phone M. 3485.

DRESSMAKING

QUEEN CITY College of Dressmaking and Tailoring. Satisfaction guaranteed. Laura G. Abshamian, Instructor. Phone M. 318. El Paso Bank Bldg.

DRESSMAKING of all kinds; work guaranteed. 21 N. Nevada. M. 38892.

Watch and Clock Repairing

WATCHES cleaned, 50c; mainsprings, 50c; work guaranteed. We buy old gold and silver. S. Klein, 18 E. Huertan. Phone M. 541.

HOMSTEADS

CHOICE homesteads. See me before locating and save money. Ph. M. 2672.

For Sale Rooming Houses

FURNITURE of 3-room house and rear cottage; rooms all full; rent reasonable. 201 S. Nevada.

CLAIRVOYANTS

YESTERDAY, 14 years of age. 14 YEARS old son of Colo. Springs.

MRS. SAMPSON, noted psychic; all work guaranteed. Readings daily. Spiritual meetings Sun., Thurs. eve., 8 sharp. 110 N. Nevada. Phone 1817.

PATENTS

PATENTS OBTAINED—Fifteen years experience. John G. Powell, M. 3111 Bldg., 12th & Ven.

FOR RENT HOUSES

Unfurnished

TWO, three and four-room apartments, \$20, \$25 and \$30, on Cascade Ave., north of college, no sick. Phone Red 314 before 10 o'clock. Main 192 after.

COOP. hotel, poor car line; desirable location in Irwindale. Phone 427, or call Room 2, Midland Block.

FEVE ROOM cottage; nicely furnished; hot water heat; large sleeping porch; permanent to reliable tenants. 319 E. Dale St. Phone Main 587.

FURNISHED four-room cottage; modern except heat. 316 E. Chestnut. W. E. McClung. Main 62.

MODERN room, furnished; sleeping porch; modern except heat. 316 E. Chestnut. W. E. McClung. Main 62.

SEVEN-room modern, furnished or unfurnished. Call 201 Bennett Bldg. Phone M. 2485.

CHOICE two-room cottage; lights, gas, water, sleeping porch. 426 East Kiowa.

12 ROOMS, furnished, good location, barn or garage. 929 N. Nevada Ave. Complete. 1425 N. Elroy. Phone 3755.

LADIES, gentle and children's used clothing bought and sold at 32 N. Weber St. Phone Main 894.

FIRST-CLASS help furnished. Mrs. A. McGrath's Employment Office, 311 E. Bijou. Phone 40683.

WANTED—Girl for general house work. 124 East Williamette.

YOUNG lady to work for tuition. Apply Brown's Business college.

WANTED Situations
EXPERIENCED experienced automobile driver wishes position in private family; references furnished. Mr. N. C. Hall, 100 2nd St., Denver, Colo.

WANTED—Position as stenographer and bookkeeper; five years' experience; city references. Address Y-21, Gazette.

WORK, by married man, railroad and office experience, and night watchman; reliable city references. 337 Colo. Ave.

STENOGRAPHIC position by young lady; four year's experience; references; can furnish machine. M. 38892.

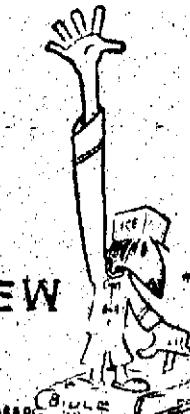
HIGH SCHOOL girl wishes light work for room and board (after Jan. 16). Address Y-26, Gazette.

NURSE experienced, maternity, medical. 127 E. Bijou. Phone M. 1800.

PUBLIC STENOGRAPHER. 49 Hagerman Building.

WANTED MISCELLANEOUS
T. C. JONES, age 20 to Henry Clay, all kinds of hauling. Ashpits cleaned. 1013 S. Cascade. Phone Ph. M. 1849.

ASH PITS cleaned, express work done. Office, 114 E. C



NEW YEARS

ward Kaufman. After the wedding B. S. Kaufman will go to New York on a buying trip.

J. A. Morrison left yesterday for Denver on business.

Dr. W. A. DeBerry returned yesterday from a visit with relatives at his former home in Missouri.

\$14,000 Worth Jewelry Stolen From Home of Adolphus Busch, Third

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 4.—Fourteen thousand dollars worth of jewelry belonging to Adolphus Busch and his wife was stolen from their home at Avant View farm, St. Louis county, yesterday afternoon. According to a report made to the police department by Mrs. Busch today, Busch is grandson and namesake of the late millionaire brewer.

The jewels were taken from a case in a locked chiffonier drawer while Mrs. Busch was away from home, she said. Nothing else was molested. Detectives spent the entire day on the premises but found no clue. Mrs. Busch declared tonight she felt certain no employee in the household took the jewels.

CHILD LABOR CONFERENCE OPENS TODAY IN CAPITAL

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 4.—The eleventh annual conference on child labor will begin here tomorrow. The work of the conference, which will last two days, will be directed by Dr. Felix Adler of New York, chairman of the national child labor committee, and will include discussions of all questions pertaining to the child.

KILLS WIFE THEN TURNS THE GUN ON HIMSELF

SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 4.—Morris Miller, a baker, shot his wife, Marie, dead here today after shooting her a block and a half through the streets. Then he shot and killed himself as a crowd, attracted by the pursuit, ran in upon him.

Today
CHICKEN FRY
and STEAKS.

PHELPS

111 E. BIJOU

Opera House

2 DAYS—THURS., FRI., JAN. 7-8 MARCUS LOEW VAUDEVILLE

HAYDN
BURTON and HAYDN
In Original Oddities

BILL ROBINSON
Comedy Entertainer

BLACK AND WHITE
Lady Comedy Acrobat

BOBBIE AND DALE
Singing Comedians

PHOTOPLAYS
First Run

CANARIS and CLEO
A Bit of Parisian Magic

3 SHOWS DAILY—2:45, 7:15, 9:15

Matinee 10c, 20c

Evening 10c, 20c, 30c

SATURDAY, JAN. 9th

Buster Michelena, in
"MRS. WIGGS OF THE CARBAGE PATCH"
In Five Reels

Admission 10c

WHY NOT try the PLAZA when you run get?

Suite of 3 rooms with bath \$20.00

Suite of 2 rooms 25.00

Other rooms from \$8.00 a month up.

Come in and see.

Norwegian Mackerel

—those great, large white ones that are so thick and meaty.

Caught in the cold waters off the coast of Norway and then cured and packed by the fisher folk while in the prime of condition. We receive them in original packages, which is your guarantee of original quality.

These jars are especially fine for bottling.

Mrs. Mary Malone, formerly with the Chamber of Commerce, left yesterday for Philadelphia.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Kaufman left yesterday for Richmond, Va., where they will attend the wedding of Ed-

Established in 1871. With the Town

NEAR NEW YORK CITY TO TRADE

For Colorado Springs Property
PERFECTLY NEW EXTRA WELL BUILT MODERN
EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE. GARAGE. ACRE LOT. \$8000
FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS, PHONES 350-361

WILLS, SPACKMAN & KENT
GAZETTE BUILDING, 15 E. PIKES PEAK AVE.

Preserved Figs Special Price 30c Lb.

They're one of nature's best aids to healthy bowel movement. If you're troubled with constipation, you'll find these full of real benefit.

They're a sweet pickled California fig, and are good to eat. We're selling them at the special price of 30c because we've only a few left and want to close them out quickly.

PORK PIES TODAY, 10c

BURGESS

PHONE MAIN EIGHT-1-THREE

112-114 N. Tejon St.

NEW TRIALS GRANTED FLORIDA LAND AGENTS IN KANSASCITY COURT

Where Accuracy Counts

—in your prescription, the utmost accuracy must be used in its compounding. Have it filled in our prescription department.

The Wood Drug Co.

Opera House Block

Phone 491

1000

Princess

Today—Last Time

Edward Abeles in

THE MILLION

A Real Comedy.

TOMORROW

"The Girl of the Golden West."

DIGGING IN" ON THE FIRING LINE

Furnishing Trenches for War Homes

From the Popular Mechanics Magazine.

Lying flat on the ground, alternately digging with his bayonet blade and scraping out the loosened earth with

the top of his meal can, a soldier

hastily makes at his side a shallow

trench that extends from the head to

the knees, finding each little scoopful

as he digs it, in a pie-shaped heap.

Every movement is made with the

utmost caution for bullets are whis-

ping past only a few inches above his

head and the raising of any part of

his body would mean almost certain

death. When this shallow trench is

finished, the soldier cautiously rolls

himself in it, a cover that the bat-

tlefield would know much of the time,

the appearance of a deserted country.

If it were not for the bursting shells

and shrapnel. Back of the firing line,

on both sides of the grim conflict, men

have been busy for weeks constructing

trenches for the army to fall back on

in case of retreat. Since this work is

done under fire, these trenches are

carefully made on selected ground,

often motorized plows being used to

break ground for them.

Ditch Names Named

Since men not only fight in the

trenches, but must often eat and sleep

in them, the cave shelters have become

one of the common features of the

trenches on both sides of the bat-

tlefield, and, crude as they are, they

furnish the one homelike touch of the

war. Here are sound dishes, simple

cooking utensils, and the ever-present

teeth or trapot, the latter being indis-

perable for the English soldier. In

the ditch made under fire care is enlarged

and developed until they are

continuous and finished over in which

men may stand and move about safe

from rifle fire, but always in danger

from shell fire and shrapnel. In this

trench that the soldier has dug for

himself he may remain for weeks, or

the trench may be abandoned in a few

minutes or a few hours for an advance

or a retreat. In the later modern

weapons, infantry corps, fighting along

in the open, simply get themselves

slaughtered, and the first thing an

army does after a preliminary ad-

vance has been speeded up to dig its

own as dangerous as possible.

As soon as night comes, trenching tools

are brought forward, and the little

trenches made under fire are enlarged

in spite of the discomforts and dangers of

the trenches, human nature, with its

philosophy and a grim sort of humor

asserts itself. Much ingenuity has

been expended in making the shelters

so scattered along the trenches, and it is

not an uncommon thing to see a crude

sign above one of the caves bearing

some such name as "Hotel Cecil,"

"Ritz Hotel," "Billeroux Hotel," or

"Rue Dormir."

Importance of Intrenchments.

This war is the fore mainly one

of field fortifications. Much had been

written before the avoidance of field

fortifications and their importance in

war.

DENVER, Jan. 4.—The Colorado

Good Roads Association will meet here

on January 20 and 21. The Colorado

Branch of the Lincoln Highway Asso-

ciation will meet at the same time.

GOOD ROADS CONVENTION

IN DENVER JANUARY 20-21

DENVER, Jan. 4.—The Colorado

Good Roads Association will meet here

on January 20 and 21. The Colorado

Branch of the Lincoln Highway Asso-

ciation will meet at the same time.

(Remember, we give you 5% cash discount for all amounts

of \$1.00 and up at the store.)

DAN TRACY

129 E. HUERFANO ST.

PHONE 1099

(Cold mornings Hot Cakes and Maple Syrup Go Fine.)

1 gallon full weight Maple Syrup.....

25c

1 quart full weight Maple Syrup.....

15c

1 pint full weight Maple Syrup.....